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NEW RED THRUST IS FEARED

More U. S. Men Trapped

BOMBERS PLASTER KOREAN COLUMNS

TOKYO, July 10. (PTI-Reuter).

GENERAL DOUGLAS MACARTHUR, UNITED NATIONS COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF, TONIGHT WARNED HIS OUTNUMBERED AMERICAN AND SOUTH KOREAN TROOPS THAT THE COMMUNIST INVADERS WERE GETTING READY TO THROW ANOTHER HEAVY ARMOURED PUNCH.

Red-starred tanks and infantry hordes have cut off a second American battalion and some of the first United States tanks to go into action in Korea, according to frontline reports reaching here.

Only a few hours earlier, Tokyo headquarters announced the first "lost battalion" of 1,000 GI's had fought its way through ten times as many Northerners and rejoined the main American force "in good condition".

MacArthur, swapping space for time in a series of desperately fought rearguard actions, said laconically in a communique: "All indications are pointing to renewed largescale attack."

Slowed but not stopped by an all-out allied blitz on convoys moving bumber-tobumber down the pot-holed muddy road to Taejon, North Koreans were"hitting at Americans just north of Chochwon", twentw miles from the southern capital.

A widespread enveloping movement seemed to be developing in the area the communique added.

Coupled wit hthis was a long-range threat to the vital rail junction at Taegu, between Taejon and the supply port of Pusan, from Communists on the east coast and in the Tanyang area, seventy miles east of Pyongtaek.

At Chinchon, fifteen miles east of Chonan, a full Northern division is battling with South Korean troops.

Two Communist divisions were reported to be thrusting at Taejon down this "backdoor" corridor east of the main frontal assault. Two Northern regiments were wiped out there yesterday by South Koreans.

General MacArthus has told the Washington Defence Department that there has been a "great improvement" in the South Korean forces.

ROUND-THE-CLOCK

After yesterday's devastating air smash at Northern columns advancing down the main road from Chonan, Lieutenant-General George Stratemeyer, United States Air Force Commander, announced that American and Australian war planes had been ordered into round-the-clock allweather attacks.

The tough, former Pacific war Commander told correspondents his forces had begun building airstrips on South Korea.

"I guess we made it tough for them," was the way he explained the absence of Northern air opposition in the last few days.

Roy McArtney, P T I-Reuter correspondent at the front, reported that six American prisoners were murdered in cold blood by the Communists today. He talked to experienced NCO's who found the GI's lying with bullet holes through the back of the head and their hands tied behind them.

The atrocity was discovered when a successful American counter-attack —one of the hottest actions so far in the Korean campaign—rolled the enemy back from forward positions which they overran under cover of heavy mist this morning.

American aircraft have repeatedly dropped leaflets warning the Northerners they would be held responsible for any acts against international law.

CASUALTIES

Tokyo headquarters announced that 71 Korean tanks had been destroyed and 49 others damaged since June 25.

Combined forces in Korea knocked out 272 trucks and damaged 183, and destroyed 14 locomotives and damaged ten.

Allied air forces lost 20 planes up to today, not counting 5 Skymasters and one Australian Mustang reported missing.

Communists lost 41 planes. General Stratemeyer said there was no evidence of Russian pilots flying for the Northerners.

Royal Australian Air Force Mustangs had played a key role in successful operations from early this month, the communique added.

The Americans are using a new fire-bomb—Napalm. It is a jelly-like substance dropped in special tanks which explode on impact.

In a broadcast today over Pyongyang Radio North Korean Prime Minister Kim Ir-Sen said half a million people had volunteered for the North Korean forces since the outbreak of war.

The broadcast, reported by Moscow Radio, claimed that all Koreans supported the Northern armies.

A Mystery

Lieutenant General George Stratemeyer, American Far East Air Force Commander, has ordered round-the-clock bombing of all military targets in Korea whatever the weather.

There was no evidence that Russian pilots were flying for North Korea, the General said. North Korean pilots were brave, and their planes were comparable with the Mustangs used by the Americans during the war.

He offered no explanation for the absence from the skies of the Northern Air Force in the past few days, but remarked, "I guess we made it tough for them." American pilots had seen no Northern planes in the ground for some days, and it was a mystery where they had gone.

New York Prepares

ALBANY, New York, July 10 (PTI-Reuter): General Lucius D. Clay was today appointed by Governor Thomas Dewey as Chairman of the New York State Civil Defence Commission to make plans against a possible atomic attack.

Governor Dewey announcing the appointment said that General Clay would give as "much time as possible and necessary to this unsalaried job."

General Clay retired from the army on May 31, 1949.

'Quake Shock Reported

POONA, July 10, (PTI): An earthquake shock of moderate intensity at its origin with epicentre at latitude 37 degrees north, longitude 70 degrees East, having a focal depth of 124 miles below the surface of the earth, in the Hindukush region, about 1,310 miles away from Poona, was recorded at the seismographs in the meteorological office, Poona at 21 hours 44 minutes, I.S.T. on Sunday, the 9th July 1950.

Exchange Rate Of Pak Rupee

INDIA'S ATTITUDE IN IMF

BOMBAY, Monday (PTI). India is likely to oppose any attempt to fix the rate of the Pakistan rupee in disparity with the Indian rupee, it is authoritatively learnt.

Now that Pakistan has been admitted as a member of the International Monetry Fund, it is for Pakistan to notify the rate which it proposes to fix for its rupee for the purposes of international trading.

It is stated that all the member countries will then be consulted and it is understood that India will at that stage oppose any rate which is in disparity with the Indian rupee. The Indian member to the Fund, it is stated, had adequate material to show that there should be no difference in the exchange values, between Indian rupee and Pakistan rupee and that any solution other than parity between the two rupees will not be acceptable to India.

Scuffle On Train: One Killed

CALCUTTA, July 10 (PTI): One person was killed in a scuffle last night between the railway protection police and some intruders who had attempted to snatch away the cash from the guard's compartment in a local down train near Uttarpara, about nine miles from Calcutta.

It is stated that when the train steamed off Uttarpara station, some men attempted to raid the guard's compartment, but the railway police resisted.

In the scuffle that ensued, a bullet went off the gun of a railway policeman, hitting one of the raiders, who later succumbed to his injuries in hospital.

No arrest has yet been made.

Special Survey For Atomic Commission

WASHINGTON July 9. (PTI-Reuter): The United States Atomic Energy Commission has announced that the firm of E I Du Pont De Remoursand Company has started a special survey for the Commission.

The Commission said the survey covered "facilities, processes and technical problems in certain fields of chemicals".

The Commission said the projects involved were part of the "expanding programme of atomic energy development".

INDIA MADE NO OFFER TO MEDIATE IN KOREA

Gollan Denies Reports

SINGAPORE, July 8 (PTI): Australia's High Commissioner in India, Mr. H. R. Gollan, who passed through Singapore this week on his way to Melbourne told pressmen that had believed that there was no truth in the report that India had offered her service as mediator in the Korean war.

The Indian Government had not confirmed the report, he said, and many official circles in India denied that such an offer had been made.

Mr. Gollan is proceeding to Australia to report to his Government on conditions in India, and will have a short holiday.

Quake Shocks In Sialkot

SIALKOT, July 10, (PTI-Reuter): Sialkot experienced severe earth tremours at 9-43 p.m. on Sunday. The tremours lasted half a minute and people ran out of their homes in confusion.

No loss of life or property was reported.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

Discussion With Trade Bodies

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 10.

The Import Control Committee has started functioning. The Committee does not intend issuing a questionnaire, but may address notes or memoranda on specific points to trade and Commerce bodies. It may also hold informal discussions with representatives of commercial and trade organisations at New Delhi, Calcutta, Bombay and Madras after the Committee makes some progress with its investigations.

These discussions are expected to start by the end of July. Meanwhile the Committee has addressed letters to the Associated Chamberes of Commerce, the Federation of the Indian Chambers of Commerce, the All-India Manufacturers Organisation and the Employers' Federation asking them to formulate their views generally on the subject of import control and in particular on the terms of reference of the Committee and communicate the same to the Committee at an early date.

'Dangerous' Attack

General MacArthur's Advanced Headquarters in Korea, July 10 (PTI-Reuter): The American-held South Korean defence line was reported late today to be holding out 25 miles north of here after six hours of battering.

A "dangerous" North Korean countgrattack was reported developing in dispatches from the front, menacing the American right flank between their infantry and artillery positions.

The North Korean attacking force of infantry, spearheaded by tanks, was being blasted in what was described as maximum air support for the outnumbered American units.

SUGAR CRISIS INQUIRY

Ganganath For Delhi

MUSSOORIE, July 10 (PTI): Mr. Ganganath, retired Judge of the Allahabad High Court, left for Delhi today to hold inquiry into the sugar crisis of July-August 1949.

A questionnaire was recently issued to all States, sugar factories, sugar merchants and Sugar Syndicates asking them to send their replies by July 25 after which evidence will be recorded.

REVISED INDO-PAKISTAN TRADE SCHEDULE

Failure To Keep Up Jute Supplies

NEW DELHI, July 10. (PTI)

THE new schedule of exchange of commodities between India and Pakistan drawn up by the Indo-Pakistan Trade Conference in May "has proved unsuccessful mainly because of Pakistan's failure to keep up the scheduled supplies of raw jute," it is stated here.

It is likely that a revised schedule will be drawn up, designed to complete the exchange of all commodities in full quantities specified in the interim agreement of April last.

The Pakistan Government is reported to have suggested that the next periodical Indo-Pakistan Trade Conference in pursuance of the interim agreement may be held at Karachi on July 18 and the Government of India's acceptance is likely to be communicated to Karachi tomorrow.

The conference will review the working of the agreement and find out how far the parties have failed to keep up the new schedule.

LITTLE SUPPLIED

The interim trade agreement which was calculated to break the trade deadlock between India and Pakistan since devaluation and bring about a partial resumption of trade was in main, intended to get over the difficulties arising out of the currency quesion.

Under the interim agreement Pakistan had agreed to supply 40 lakh maunds of raw jute by July 31 but very little was supplied in the month of May. Nor were adequae and proper leters of credit opened in India with the result that the agreement remained unimplemented till the end of May when a fresh schedule was drawn up.

According to the new scheme the whole supply of jute by Pakistan was spread over evenly for June and July. Out of 40 lakh maunds which Pakistan contracted to supply, a little over a million maunds had reached India by July 2.

EXTENSION

Efforts are likely to be made at the forthcoming Indo-Pakistan Conference at Karachi next week to evolve a new schedule under which the entire quantities of commodities specified in the agreement will be exchanged. It may be that the period for such exchange will be extended possibly by a month namely till the end of August 1950.

There is nevertheless, very little likelihood of the conference attempting to enlarge the scope of the interim agreement which is scheduled to terminate by July 31 unleess extended by a month. Any enlargement of the scope of the agreement largely depends on a settlement of the exchange problem between the two countries and the proposed conference will, therefore, be limited to the reconsideration of the schedules of the interim agreement.

Two children were killed and five men and two women seriously injjured when a double-storeyed house in Coolie Bazar in Kanpur collapsed on Monday.

MALAN MUST GIVE IT UP

Group Area Act, Sign Of Fear

NEW YORK, July 10 (PTI-Reuter).—The New York "Times" noted yesterday the promulgation of South Africa's new segregation law, the Group Area Act, and declared "For the sake of South Africa's own great non-white population and for the sake of international amity, it is earnestly to be hoped that a different course can soon be taken."

The newspaper said that promulgation of the Act, South Africa had now taken its most decisive and significant step thus far in carrying out its proclaimed policy of "Apartheid."

"The measure was adopted by a narrow parliamentary margin and it is being put into force with some deep uneasiness." the Times said.

"It is possible to understand some of the psychological and emotional bases for the Government's policy. South Africa is a plural state in which the white community is outnumbered by the non-white by almost four to one. The white community, or at least that part of it represented by the present Government, is fearful because of this disparity, and its own sense of insecurity gives rise to this type of action."

RADICAL CHANGE IN CONSTITUTION

Socialist Party Pledge: Warning To Malan

MADRAS, July 10. (PTI).

MEMBERS of the Socialist Party who were critical of the Indian Constitution, today submitted to a convincing speech by Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, and gave their unanimous approval to the party's resolution on the constitution.

Prof. Mukud Beharilal (U.P.) took the winds out of the sail of the critics by himself describing the Constitution as the 'clumsiest document I have ever come across".

Mr. Narayan in his speech suggested to the critics that it would be "a tactical and strategic move" if the part could restrain itself for a while and approach the masses for support to radical changes in the Constitution.

The Socialist Party Conference adopted with minimum discussion, resolutions expressing solidarity with the suppressed peoples of South Africa, foreign settlements in India and of the colonies in South-East Asia in their struggle for emancipation.

RADICAL CHANGE

In adopting unanimously the resolution on the Indian Constitution, the Socialist Party pledged itself to work for the establishment of healthy democratic conventions and traditions for a radical change in the Constitution to ensure full democracy".

Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, supporting the resolution, said that the present Constitution "cannot be instrument of full and complete democracy in this country".

He added: 'There are certain constitutional impediments in the Indian Constitution and radical changes through parliamentary methods ought to be brought about.'

Mr. Narayan drew the attention of the movers of amendments to the resolution, particularly one demanding the framing of a new Constitution, and gave his personal views on such an important issue."

"Left to myself" Mr. Narayan said, "I would go to the extent of saying that the Constitution should be scrapped and a new ane drafted." He thought it would be a "tactical and strategic move not to launch such a course". Assuming the Socialist Party came to power in the elections, he, for one, would not rush to change the Constitution. The party should then introduce legislation for economic and agrarian reforms on the basis of its programme of national revival.

AFRICAN RACIALISM

The conference warned the Government of the Union of South Africa against the cotinuance of the policy of racialism which was "opposed to all modern concepts of democracy".

Expressing its strong sense of resentment at the policy the conference in a resolution said: 'While on the one hand, the South African Union Government endorsed the idea of the Round Table Conference so that a reasonable solution of this vexed question, acceptable to all the parties concerned could be arrived at, on the other, strangely, they have continued vigorously following their arrant policy of racialism".

The conference stated that the policy of racialism being an affront to Asian sentiments "the resurgent spirit of Asia will refuse to tolerate the same". It appealed to all the democratic nations of the world to take steps to put an immediate stop to this policy of racilism "as this apartheir policy offends against the declaration of human rights and the very principles and purpose of the United Nations Charter".

The conference also believed that when Indian nationals were in this manner "degraded and discriminated against by a member of the Commonwealth, India's continuance as an equal copartner in the Commonwealth is a mockery and sooner the Government of India withdrew from it, the better'.

RED DANGER

The conference sent its greetings to the peoples of Indo-China and Malaya in their struggle for freedom and demanded the withdrawal of all foreign armies and other kinds of foreign interventions.

The conference drew the attention of the peoples of these countries to "the danger of armed Communist groups establishing dictatorship and annexing these countries to the Soviet bloc".

Monsoon Fairly Active

CONTINUED RAIN FORECAST

BOMBAY, Monday.

In the course of the last 24 hours the monsoon has been fairly active in the Konkan, Gujerat and Saurashtra. Broach recorded three inches of rain, Mahableshwar and Khandala two inches each, Honavar one and a half inch, while Dohad, Baroda, Ramagundam and Mount Abu received one inch each.

During the next 24 hours rainfall will continue widespread in the Konkan, Gujerat and East Hyderabad, and will occur at some places in Saurashtra. A few light showers will occur at some places in the rest of the region.

Bombay city and suburbs will have cloudy weather with fairly frequent showers, which may be accompanied by gusty winds.

ECHO OF DUM DUM FACTORY RAID

Seven Discharged

CALCUTTA, July 10, (UPI): Seven accused were discharged today for want of sufficient evidence against them, out of the 30 workers of Jessop's factory at Dum Dum who are being prosecuted before Mr. S. N. Guha Roy, I.C.S., Special Judge, Alipore, in connection with the raid on the factory by the 'rebel' workers on the morning of February 26 last year, in the course of which four European officials of the factory lost their lives.

The remaining 23 accused were charged with rioting and conspiracy to assault and murder factory officials and causing damage to property and using bombs and arms and ammunition.

Burmese Rice Arrives

MADRAS, July 10, (PTI): Three ship loads of 17,886 tons of Burma rice and 10,007 tons of Argentine wheat arrived in Cochin port yesterday.

Travancore-Cochin Government has been allotted 15,886 tons of rice and 5,007 tons of wheat and the Madras Government 2,000 tons of rice and 5,000 tons of wheat.

CONGRESS VETERAN ON HUNGER-STRIKE

Protest Against Election Malpractices

CALCUTTA, July 10, (PTI). Seventy-year old member of the Executive Council of the West Bengal Provincial Congress Committee Pandit Dharanath Bhattacharyya has been on hunger-strike for the past one week as a protest against what he alleged "corrupt practices and tactics adopted in the recent Congress Primary Panchayat election in Hooghly District".

Doctors attending Pandit Bhattacharyya today described his present condition as "serious".

Meanwhile, the Provincial Congress Authorities are trying to persuade him to give np the fast.

No Alien Salt

NEW DELHI, July 10 (UPI): The Government of India, it is understood, have decided not to import any foreign salt from this month.

The decision follows a recommendation of the Salt Advisory Committee as also encouraging production trends in the country.

South Africa On U.N. Agenda: Indian Plea

NEW YORK, July 10. (PTI-Reuter)

INDIA today formally requested the U. N. Secretary-General Mr. Trygve Lie to place on the agenda of the next session of the General Assembly the question of the treatment of Indians in South Africa.

This subject comes back to the Assembly because of the passing by the South African Government of the Group Areas Bill. This bill prejudges the issue of the round table conference which the General Assembly recommended should be held between South Africa, India and Pakistan to consider the treatment of Indians in South Africa.

ENDING CONGRESS GROUP RIVALRIES IN STATES

Working Committee To Make An Effort

NEW DELHI, July 10. (PTI)

THE Congress Working Committee will meet here on July 12 to draw up the programme for the Congress presidential election and fix date for the forth-coming Nasik session. Originally the Nasik session was scheduled to be held during the middle of August.

The Committee, it is understood, will discuss measures to end group rivalries within the Congress, with particular reference to election disputes in Andhra and West Bengal where opposing groups sought the intervention of the respective high courts.

Meanwhile, a delegation of the West Bengal Ministerial Group headed by the State Labour Minister, Mr. K. P. Mukherjee, arrived here today to represent their case to the Congress High Command.

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Date 11-7-50

PANDA BAIJNATH S|o Deoshankar.
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LEGAL NOTICES

PUBLIC NOTICE

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All persons having or claiming any right, title or interest whatsoever in to or upon the said property are hereby required to make such claims known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at 50, Bazargate Street, Fort, Bombay 1, within 14 days from the date of publication hereof, otherwise the said sale will be completed and all such claims, if any, will be considered as waived.

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FELL IN LOVE WITH DEAD MAN!

Strange Romances And Sorrows Of Peerage And Royalty

THERE are some 92,000 pensioned widows from the last war, but none, I imagine, will have the experience of a widow of the South African war fifty years ago.

Gertrude Atherton, the American novelist, met her at a luncheon and—"a more withdrawn, chilly, indifferent personality I never encountered," she wrote in her memoirs, "Adventures of a Novelist." "The British Peerage is full of strange romances and tragedies, and hers was one of the strangest and saddest."

As a young woman, the lady in question had been a cold, heartless beauty of the Ouida type. In a moment of caprice she married a gallant young officer who worshipped her. People wondered if she had married only to torment him, for she treated him with such coldness and cruelty that war in South Africa came as a godsend.

He lost his life in the campaign, and a year or two later she married Lord A. Although still the remote, haughty beauty incapable of love, she bore him two children.

Brave Man's Secrets

A few years after this second marriage someone who wanted to write a life of the first husband approached her for any letters or papers he may have left. All had been thrown into a trunk and sent back from Africa after his death, and she decided to go through them herself. She had never written him a line, but other women may have been indiscreet.

She went up to the attic where the trunk had been stored, found many medals—among them a V.C.—and then a large packet of letters addressed to her in his handwriting but unstamped as if he had no intention of posting them. She discovered that they had been written in the ship that took his regiment to South Africa, and during the campaign. The last was dated a day of two before he fell in battle.

"Those letters," Mrs. Atherton wrote, "were the outpourings of a lofty and ardent soul doomed to eternal loneliness, pulsating with a love so passionate, selfless, hopeless, so unrestrained in the certainty that the woman to whom they were addressed would never see them while he was still on earth that the man himself seemed to come alive and stand there before her in all the ardour of his youth."

Strange Turn

And as she sat there in the dust and silence of the attic reading them, the strangest thing happened that ever changed the soul of a woman. The ice melted. She fell profoundly in love with a dead man, and sat there for hours weeping bitter tears as she meditated on what she had wantonly thrust out of her life, dreaming of what might have been, longing for death that they might be reunited.

Her defences were down. Never again, she felt, could she face the world as the proudest, coldest woman in England. To go on living with her present husband was unthinkable. She left the attic a broken woman, departed from Lord A's house, and went into seclusion to live with those letters and such poor memories as she had. Only when her family at last persuaded her that she had her children and present husband to consider did she consent to return to her world.

But now she was little better than dead. Her beauty was gone, her youth had died in that attic. She was but the shell of a great lady. There was no doubt in Mrs. Atherton's mind that, as she sat there at that luncheon table, her eyes cast down, and barely speaking, she was dwelling in ghostly marriage with the dead!

Royalty's Sorrows

How many women have similarly hidden from the world, to live with a ghost? There was the Empress Carlotta who heard of the execution of her husband, Maximilian of Mexico, before a firing squad after she had returned to Europe to plead desperately with Napoleon III for military support for him. The blow robbed her of her reason, and she lived as a recluse in a dismal fortress near Brussels for sixty years until her death in 1927.

She lived in solitude, never fully in her right mind, still writing to her Maximilian fervent letters of love and devotion.

Queen Victoria, after the Prince Consort's death, virtually retired from public life for years to commune in spirit with her "dear Albert."

Take another case. After losing throne, husband, and son—slain by Zulu assegais in South Africa—the Empress Eugenie became a shadow of herself, ceased to go out and talked only of her boy, and often in the evening would remain standing at a window from which, in the old days, she would see him returning.

"The farther I go forward in my sad existence the more does the need for rest and solitude assert itself," she said on returning from a pilgrimage to the place where he fell. "No one can fill the huge void that has been made in my life."

And on visiting her familiar Paris again: "Nothing affects me now; I have suffered too much. As I now live only with shadows, I seem a shadow to myself."

Romance Of Peerage

Another singular romance of the Peerage related by Mrs. Atherton concerned Lady Agnes Duff, the Earl of Fife's daughter who married Lord Dupplin, heir to the earldom of Kinnoull. She was a beautiful bride with golden hair and large, angelic blue eyes; he, handsome and fascinating. Deeply in love, they lived happily for a time at Castle Kinnoull in Perth.

Then they began to quarrel. Both were spoilt children of fortune; neither would yield. A Mr. Flower appeared on the scene, ready to console the discontented young wife who cared nothing for him but was not averse from tormenting her husband. One night there was a terrible quarrel, and in the morning she was gone—to find refuge in the house nearby where Flower lived with his mother.

Dupplin, still in love with her, was frantic. But neither old Lady Kinnoull nor the combined Fife family could induce her to return, so he sued for a divorce. Lady Agnes married Flower, who soon became a hopeless invalid, leaving her after four or five miserable years without a penny. Her family had cast her off, so she turned to nursing for a living, entering a hospital.

Ambition Realised

And here comes the incredible part of Mrs. Atherton's story. When Lady Agnes was a little girl, living on one of the family estates in Scotland, it had amused her to help her mother entertain the tenants at the annual open-air festivities. A shy youth named Cooper, son of the town Recorder and a friend of the farm lads, was invited regularly. When he first saw Lady Agnes she was still in short skirts, her golden curls flying loose in the wind; but even then he trembled at a word or fleeting smile from her.

She became the lady of his dreams, and as she grew older and even more beautiful his infatuation increased. Too humble in station to hope ever to win her, he vowed that he would never marry at all.

His ambition was to become a surgeon. A family friend helped him with his education. He went to London, rose rapidly in his profession, and in 1882 was on his way to becoming one of our great surgeons. Walking through a hospital ward one day, he saw a frail, blonde little creature scrubbing the floor. Pausing, he said angrily: "You are not strong enough for this work. I shall speak about it."

She sat back on her heels, looked up at him—and in that worn but lovely face he recognized the lady of his dreams. But there was no recognition on her part as he helped her to her feet. She had long since forgotten, even if she had ever been more than passingly aware of him. He questioned her gruffly, and she told him she had had experience in nursing but had to conform to the hospital laws and serve her apprenticeship. Rather resenting his patronage, she declared proudly that she was quite equal to the work.

"Well, you are not," he said brusquely. "If you are obliged to support yourself I'll find you an easier job. Come to my house this afternoon."

Thankful for his interest, she called on him, and he told her of his boyish infatuation, his lifelong devotion to a memory. She was still young, and deeply thrilled. They married immediately. No happier, more devoted couple ever lived. She bore him half a dozen children, one of whom married a titled woman.

Mrs. Atherton had a genius for probing the inner lives of people. Her book so abounds in remarkable stories that it should be well worth reprinting.—TIT-BITS.

NEW THEORY ON SEX CRIMES

'SEXUAL PSYCHOPATH', A MISNOMER

NEY YORK, (By Mail).

There is no such entity as "sexual psychopath" and this is a term that should be abolished, Dr. David Abrahamsen of Columbia University declared recently.

Sex crimes are not caused by the fact that persons are oversexed but because they are emotionally underdeveloped, he told the second annual Forum for the Study and Prevention of Crime, meeting in McMillin Theatre at Columbia and discussing "Sex Offenders in Today's Society."

The Columbia psychiatrist, who was chairman of the forum, recently directed for the state a two-year investigation of 102 sex offenders at Sing Sing Prison which resulted in new legislation. All the prisoners he examined showed symptoms of emotional disturbance, he said, and half of them belonged in hospitals, where they could get psychiatric help, rather than in prison.

Observing that he omitted the term "psychopath" from the report submitted to Governor Dewey, he added:

"Intensive psychiatric studies combined with psychological projective tests show that there is no such entity as a sexual psychopath. Investigations clearly indicate that those offenders comprise a group of people who suffer from various types of mental disorders and social maladjustment."

Special Field

"In order for sex crime to be brought under control and that these sick individuals may cease attacking our women and children, we need more than a new law," he went on.

What is needed, he asserted, is intensive psychiatric treatment along with research and the training of psychiatrists, psychologists and psychiatric social workers for this special field. He and other leaders of the Sing Sing project called for the establishment of a research institute of criminal behaviour at a cost of 2,000,000 dollars where such a programme might be undertaken.

Sex offenders commit other crimes, and other criminals have often committed sex crimes, Dr. Abrahamsen said. He reported on a study of 1,800 other inmates at Sing Sing which showed that 30 per cent of them had committed sex crimes at one time or another.

Of the 102 sex offenders studied, seventy-eight had committed sex and other kinds of crimes previously and sixty-four had committed crimes other than sex offenses. Thirty-four had committed sex crimes prior to the sex offenses for which they were sentenced, indicating "that sex offenders do repeat their crime."

Taxpayers have been spending dol. 12,000,000 to dol. 15,000,000 for the care of these 1,800 prisoners in Sing Sing and few of them have been helped by their stay in prison, Dr. Abrahamsen said

Reaction

Dr. Winifred Overholser, superintendent of St. Elizabeth's Hospital, Washington, addressing the luncheon meeting, said that the research at Sing Sing was "an auspicious start on the scientific study of a serious social problem about which hitherto there has been more emotion than knowledge."

F. Lowell Bixby, deputy commissioner in charge of correction and parole, New Jersey Department of Institutions and Agencies, said he doubted that the routine of a psychiatric hospital was applicable to treatment of sex offenders. He suggested more emphasis on individual and group psychotherapy supported by work, recreation and education.

NAHAS PASHA'S CHARGE AGAINST OPPOSITION

"Obstruction Of Parliamentary Machine" Alleged

CAIRO (PTI-Reuter).

EGYPT'S Prime Minister, Mustafa el Nahas Pasha, has denounced the Opposition's "Obstructionist tactics", following the Wafd's recent action in "packing" the Senate, and issued a stern warning that his Government will not permit any interference with its programme of reform.

He declared: "The Government will take prompt and vigorous action to frustrate any attempt by the Opposition to obstruct the operation of the parliamentary machine or to paralyse the movement of reform and achievement of national aspirations."

BOYCOTT

This statement followed the boycott of both Houses of Parliament by the Saadist, Liberal, Nationalist and Kotla parliamentary groups as a result of the Senate changes which the Opposition described as "unconstitutional."

Premier Nahas Pasha claimed that the changes in the composition of the Senate or Upper House were necessary to "readjust an unconstitutional situation dating from 1941." The explanatory note he gave covered a history of such changes, their cancellation and re-enactment under previous governments since the Wafd was last in power.

The Prime Minister charged the "minority" parties with working against the constitution and the Wafd adding: "It is foolish for them to assert that the recent Senate changes are a first step towards surrendering Egypt's rights to Britain. These rights are well known to Britain. Nothing will make us depart from our national aspirations." He also charged the Opposition with delaying legislation of social reform, particularly the long-overdue Free-Education Bill.

MINORITY IN SENATE

The Wafd Government was swept in power with an overwhelming majority in this year's general election, but could not muster sufficient support in the Senate, where its position is still a minority one. The Government was in fact, defeated in the Upper House in resisting an Opposition proposal to open an inquiry into an alleged "racket" in purchase of arms and ammunition for the Egyptian expeditionary force during the Arab-Jewish war in Palestine.

Soon after this defeat, the Government made the Senate changes by royal decrees. The effects of these changes were to remove Liberal leader Dr. Mohammed Jeykal Pasha from the presidency of the Senate six months before his term of office was due to expire, and suspend a number of Senator, including ex-premier Ibrahim Abdul Hady Pasha, Saadist president and leader of the Opposition.

In a joint manifesto protesting vigorously against these changes, the Opposition parties claimed that the Government's action was "unconstitutional" and described it as an attempt to "curb drastically freedom of opinion and to impose a dictatorship."

The manifesto under the signatures of the leaders of the Saadist, Liberal, Nationalist and Kotla, said these parties would boycott both the Chamber of Deputies and the Senate "until such time as affairs are put in order."

Adenauer Returns To Power

SWEEPING VICTORY AT THE POLLS

WEST GERMAN Chancellor Dr. Konrad Adenauer won his second victory at the polls in three weeks when his Christian Democratic Party and their allies were voted into power in yesterday's State Parliament elections in Schleswigholstein, West Germany's poorest province.

KIEL, July 10, (PTI-Reuter).

Preliminary estimates released today gave the Chancellor's Moderate Right Wing Bloc 31 of the 69 parliamentary seats. The Social Democrats, in power for the past three years, won only 18.

Of Dr. Konrad's bloc, the Christian Democratic Party won 16 seats the Free Democrats (Liberals) eight and the moderately Nationalist German Party seven, compared with Christian Democrats who held 21 seats in the old parliament. The two allied parties were not represented then.

The Social Democrats lost 25 of their 43 seats in yesterday's voting The Communists and extreme right-wing parties failed to win a seat.

Three weeks ago, Dr. Adenauer's Christian Democratic Party gained considerably in West Germany's most industrialised State, north Rhine — West Phalia, which comprises the Ruhr, where previously the Parliament was a coalition of Christian Democrats and Christian Socialists.

The Card Took Its Own Time!

BHAGALPUR, July 10. (UPI): A post-card took 220 days to travel a distance of 85 miles.

The post-card was posted at Barh in the District of Patna on 27-11-49. It reached the addressee at Bhagalpur on July 7. 1950.

B. C. G. CAMPAIGN IN RAJASTHAN

NEW DELHI, July 10. (PTI): The Rajasthan Government will shortly launch an intensive B.C.G. campaign in that State assisted by the United Nations tuberculosis experts, it is learnt here.

Dr. Felmming Lund, Chief of the U. N. International Tuberculosis Campaign here and Mr. G. Borkar Director of Public Relations, Joint Health Enterprise in India visited Jaipur over the week-end and had had discussions with State health authorities on the subject.

The Rajasthan Government have since appointed a committee to work out details of the campaign and decided upon the venue and date of its inauguration. As soon as the its inauguration. As soon as the scheme is drawn up, a foreign team consisting of a doctor and two instructional sisters is expected to move to Jaipur.

Sugar Export Banned

RAJKOT, July 10. (UPI): The Government of Saurashtra have decided to ban the export of sugar and gur from the ports of Saurashtra outside India with immediate effect, it is learnt here today.

Twin Advantage Of Tree-Planting

JAIPUR, July 10. (UPI): With the two-fold object of planting more trees and encouraging the palm 'gur industry in Rajasthan 10,00 "gur" trees will be planted in the State by the end of August.

Police Exchange Plants

CUTTACK, July 10. (PTI): Police contingents arriving in Puri on special duty for the car festival and the Nabakalebar Yatra from other states and from other districts in Orissa will exchange plants with the policeat Puri. This goodwill plant ceremony will take place tomorrow morning.

Contingents are expected to arrive in Puri from Bengal Bihar, Madhya Pradesh and Madras and other states. These visiting contingents will take with them plants from Puri for planting in their respective areas.

The festivals will start from 17th July and will last ten days.

Coal Prices In Amreli

BOMBAY, Monday.

Prices of coal and coke in the Amreli District have been revised by the Government of Bombay. The revised wholesale rates per ton are Rs. 53-9 for steam coal, Rs. 63-15 for soft coke, Rs. 80-3 for gye-product hard, metallurgical, rubbie, breeze (about 1|2") or kulti cake. Rs. 43-3 for coke breeze below 1|2" and Rs. 79-6 for beehive and country coke. The rates per cwt for the corresponding varieties are Rs. 2-13, Rs. 3-8, Rs. 4-4, Rs. 2-7 and Rs. 4-3-6 respectively.

The requisite notification has been published in Part I of the Bombay Government Gazette, Extraordinary, of July 10, 1950.

SHRI M.M. NAIK-NIMBALKAR

BOMBAY, Monday.

Shri M.M. Naik-Nimbalkar, Minister for Labour and Industries, will arrive in Bombay on July 11 and return to Poona on July 14.

Shape Of Headlines To Come

by
P. G. KRISHNAYYA'S SERVICE

NEW YORK, (By Air Mail)

EDITORS of 51 American newspapers were asked what big headline they would most like to write for tomorrow's paper.

Not one editor suggested a war headline.

And 47 per cent voiced a devout desire to herald a U.S.-Soviet agreement on arms control and consequent assurance of world peace.

One-third wanted to see a revolution against the Soviet regime.

Many wished for the elimination of disease. Some would like to headline Christ's return to earth.

Sample suggestions: "Cold War Ends as Russia Agrees to Arms Control"—N. Y. Herald Tribune.

"Cancer Cure Is Found"—Chicago Daily News.

"Russia Overthrows Comunist Regime"—Cincinnati Enquirer.

"Christ Returns; All Dead Arise"—Houston Post.

The Chicago Tribune replied: "Sory, haven't one to suggest."

The N. Y. World-Telegram and Sun, polled before a strike shut its down, suggested "No More Wars."

Nehru's Book Gets Good Press

NEW YORK, July 10. (PTI-Reuter): A collection of speeches by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru entitled "Independence and Afeter", received appreciative reviews in the American Press today. The book is published by the John Day Company, publishers of other books written by the Indian Prime Minister.

The New York "Times" gave the book pride of place in its weekly book review.

The work brings under one cover speeches made by Pandit Nehru during the last three years on a variety of subjects such as India's foreign policy, Kashmir, Hyderabad and the passing away of Mahatma Gandhi.

Reviewers of the book particularly dwelt upon "the touching and memorable expressions" used by Pandit Nehru regarding Mahatma Gandhi.

The New York "Times" reviewer Robert Trumbull said. "In this book he (Pandit Nehru) explains quite clearly his philosophy of independence, but he has made it equally clear, in other utterances not published here, that he does not lean strongly toward the western democracies when the chips are down".

Mr. Vincent Sheen, biographer of Mahatma Gandhi reviewed the book for the New York Herald "Tribune" book review. He said: "The reader of this book although he may not be in full agreement at every point, is won in the end by so much honesty and goodwill, so much sheer human decency, so that ones impulse in closing it is to say with its author: "Jai Hind".

CONFESS EIGHTEEN DACOITIES

Jubbulpore Gang's Work

JUBBULPORE, July 10, (PTI): Dacoit Sayzad Sardar and his band of seven men who had terrorised Akola and Buldana Districts in Madhya Pradesh have confessed to having committed 18 separate dacoities in the area.

They were taken under arrest by the police here sometime ago.

POWER CUT IN MADRAS RESTORED

Rise In Water Level In Mettur

TRICHY, July 10, (PTI): The existing 25 per cent cut in the consumption of electricity by industrial concerns in the Mettur area has been temporarily lifted, it is learnt here because of a rise in the water level in Mettur.

With the temporary lifting of the remaining 25 per cent cut on industrial consumption of electricity in the Mettur area, there comes to an end the six month old industrial cut in this area writes A P T I correspondent.

The cut which ranged from 25 per rent to 75 per cent and was about to be increased to cent per cent at one time was necessitated by the low water level in the Mettur reservoir on account of the failure of the monsoon last year. This heavy industrial power cut has resulted in loss of production in important industries like textiles, cement, vanaspathy and chemicals and consequent unemployment and not to speak of small insustrles.

Similar power cuts were also imposed on inrustries in areas served by Pykara and Papanasm hydro-electric schemes due to low water level in those dams but were relaxed recently.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

TUESDAY (July 11).
Hindu Adhik Ashad Vad 12, 2006
Muslim Ramjan 24, 1369
Parsi Behman 12, 1319
Sunrise 6-8 a.m., Sunset 7-20 p.m.
Hightide 10-17, 20-55, Lowtide 02-58 15-50.

Today's Engagements

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY: Lecture by Mr. W. Ivanow on "The Present Crisis In Oriental Studies" at Durbar Hall (Town Hall), at 6 p.m.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: Dr. T. K. N. Tivikram on 'Whither Humanity" at Green's Hotel at 6-30 p.m.

MUNIR FAZELBHOY SCHOOL: Opening of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineering, at 'Laud Mansion'. opp. Charni Road Station, at 5-30 p.m. The Hon. Mr. M. C. Chagla, Chief Justice, will preside.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: There will be no meeting of the Improvements Committee for the rest of this month unless exigency demands it. The July Meeting of the Improvements Committee will be held at 3-30 p.m.

ROTARY CLUB: Mr. Frank R. Moreas on 'Present Situation In South East Asia', at Green's Hotel, at 1-45 p.m.

TENANTS ASSOCIATION: Shri I. G. Pradhan, Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Tenants' Conference called under the auspicies of the Bambai Bhadekaru Sabha has issued the following statement to the press:

A Conference of Tenants Association in Greater Bombay will be held on Sunday the 16th July 1950 at 5 p.m. at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge Chaupati, Bombay No. 7, over which Shri G.G. Mehta, Bar-at-Law has been elected to preside.

All Tenants Associations in Greater Bombay are hereby invited to send their delegates 25 (Twenty five) each for a Ward Organisation and 2 (Two) for each Chawl or Building organisation for the conference.

BOMBAY GPO VANA-MAHOTSAVA 1950: At 5-30 p.m. today: Progamme: Introductory Speech: Shri A. K. Hazari, Presidency Postmaster, Bombay: Planting the trees: Shri S. K. Patil Mayor of Bombay; Mr. N. Sherard Smith, Postmaster General, Bombay, Shri A. K. Hazari, Presidency Postmaster, Bombay. Speech: Shri S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay.

Place: P.P. M's Lawn, Bombay GPO compound, at 5-30 p.m.

U.S. CANNOT CROSS 38th PARALLEL

K.B. Vaidya's View

BOMBAY, July 10. (PTI).

The American forces, fighting under the United Nations flag, cannot take the war in Korea beyond the 38th Parallel, according to Mr. K. B. Vaidya, long time resident of the Far East and former Editor of the "Canton Daily Sun" and "Canton Truth".

Mr. Vaidya, who believes that the Korean incident by itself may not develop into a major war between the Soviet and Anglo-American blocs, pointed out that if the American forces crossed the 38th Parallel, they would themselves be branded as aggressors and would not be able to claim the sanction of the United Nations in such an action.

He declared: "the United Nations can only stop aggression; it cannot launch aggression. If the Americans go beyond the 38th Parallel, they will be aggressors. Their action will cut the very foundation of the U. N. America must either destroy the U. N. and start a third world war, or withdraw from the 38th Parallel and save the U. N.".

He added, however, that in the context of the lessons of history, a war between Soviet Russia and the United States seemed inevitable, though it was difficult to see when and how it might break out.

Mr. Vaidya said that, in the event of a war between the Soviet and America, considerable importance should be attached to the role of China.

Fresh Arrest In Central Bank Case

BOMBAY, Monday.

Mustafa Abdul Rehiman was arrested on last Saturday by the Crime Branch Police of the Bombay C.I.D in connection with the escape of the five principal accused in the Central Bank dacoity case.

Four of the escaped prisoners have been arrested. One of them is still at large.

The Police stated that they received information that it was Rahiman who supplied chilly powder, cash and knives to the undertrials on the day of their escape.

He was remanded to custody by Mr. K. J. Khambatta, Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court today.

Footboard Travellers Convicted

BOMBAY, Monday.

During the period of ten days from 21-6-50 to 30-6-50 the number of prosecutions launched by the B.B. & C.I. Railway against footboard travellers on the Bombay Local Section and the Main Broad Gauge Line was 24 and 5 respectively. The prosecution resulted in the conviction of 19 persons. The cases against 10 offenders are still pending.

DACOITS RAID CITY TEMPLE

Priest Shot At

BOMBAY, Monday.

A DARING DACOITY was committed in Mahaluxmi temple early this morning, by four desperadoes, who are stated to have decamped with the ornaments of the Goddess, after injuring the priest in charge of the temple, and another person, who tried to intercept them as they ran away with the booty.

Four "worshipers", it is said, came to the Mahaluxmi Temple, in North-West Bombay, at about 6 a. m. today and proceeded to the altar, to offer prayers to the deity Maha Laxmi, the Goddess of Wealth.

The leader of the group is stated to have folded both his hands, and started chanting Mantras, so as to put the Pujari of the Temple off his guard. This ruse having succeeded the "worshipper" picked up a metallic tray containing costly ornaments belonging to the deity, which had been kept in the tray. Having grabbed the tray in haste, taking advantage of the moment when the Pujari was engrossed in bathing the idol, the leader attempted to run in the direction of a waiting taxi on the main road.

This, however, involved a long procedure, as he had to descend a flight of stairs, before he could get to the waiting vehicle. The Pujari, who had by then realise what was happening gave the culprit, a chase. The man who was running with the tray, had not gone very far, when a shot rang out from a pistol, and the Pujari Pandit Shridhar Sakharam Bhole, was hit in the shoulder, and dropped to the ground

The shot was fired by an accomplice who was closely following his leader along with the rest. Reeling under the agony of the wound he had sustained and bleeding profusely, the Pujari is said to have got up and tried to grapple with the man, who was running away with the tray. He also raised a hue and cry so that other worshippers, or people nearby may come to his rescue. He was silenced by two more shots fired at him which hit him on his torso.

The only person that came to the Pujari's rescue was a young lad by the name of Vishram who was also in the temple at that moment, being an employee of the place. He too was shot in the leg.

Having thus desecrated the shrine and accomplished their foul purpose, the man with the tray laden with the ornaments of the Goddess, his accomplice with the revolver and the two others of the gang, went down the main staircase. As they descended the flight of steps, Kalwa, the sweeper-attendant of the temple, made a desperate effort, to retrieve the ornaments and clung on to the feet of the man with the tray, whose progress he had by now interrupted.

The culprit was more than a match for Kalwa and disentangling his leg, from his clutches ran to the taxi, which had pulled up near the main entrance. The sweeper however, did not give up and caught hold of the second of the gang, who was unarmed. As Kalwa was grappling with this accomplice the man with the revolver, who had disappeared with the leader of the gang returned to the scene to rescue his companion in distress. In the melee that ensued the man with the revolver is said to have made several attempts to shoot at Kalwa, but was frustrated and thus in spite of a life and death struggle, Kalwa escaped unscathed. The armed man however, succeeded in rescuing his companion

ANOTHER SHOT

Then they both ran towards the taxi. As they did so, a man who was standing in the balcony of an adjacent building, screamed for help. They shot at him too. The bullet missed its target this time.

They got into the taxi, and all the four of them disappeared with the booty.

The ornaments are valued at several thousands of rupees.

ATTEMPT TO SMUGGLE GOLD

3 Arabs Caught In City Docks

BOMBAY, Monday.

The three hundred passengers alighting from the ss. "Dara" at the Alexandra Dock were taken aback when they were confronted with cordon of Preventive Officers.

Some looked rather embarrassed as the officers subjected them to thorough search.

Nearly three hours had passed in the process; but there was no giving up hope, for the Preventive Department had obviously been informed of some attempt to smuggle contraband goods. Their efforts were finally rewarded when ripping open the mattresses of three Arabs who had come from some Middle East port, they came upon pellets of gold ingeniously wrapped in cotton. Some of the gold had also been hidden in charcoal bags belonging to the Arabs. In all they recovered about 30 tolas og fold.

they recovered about 30 tolas of gold.

The search was supervised by Mr. T. H. Bhutani and Chief Inspector P. Cowton with the aid of Preventive Officers Phadnis, Adahya and Pendharkar.

Mr. S.K. Patil For Delhi

Mr. S. K. Patil, Mayor of Bombay and President of the B. P. C. C. will leave here tomorrow night for Delhi to attend the meeting of the Congress Working Committee. Mr. Patil is expected to return to Bombay on July 15.

ROLE OF SOCIAL EDUCATION

Mr. Morarji Desai's View

BOMBAY, Monday.

The vital role social education was going to play in the rebuilding of society, was stressed by Shri Morarji R. Desai, Minister for Home and Revenue, addressing the Ahmedabad City Social Education Committee, yesterday. The meeting reviewed the work done by the Committee during the year.

The Minister said that illiteracy in India was age-long and unless they strove hard to remove it, they would not be able to overcome the difficult situation which the country was facing despite their achievement of freedom. He made an appeal to one and all in the country to realise their responsibility in this matter and do their best to carry it out. He said, "Any success in removing this defect will help us a lot in removing the other obstacles in our progress. We will not be able to achieve what we desired and to enjoy freedom unless we succeed in inculcating among men, women and children sterling patriotism which will make them sacrifice their own lives for the sake of the country."

The real aim of social education, Shri Desai said, was to create good citizens and in order to achieve the desired result teachers, students and social workers, should work hard to render social education so interesting as to induce adults to take to it.

The Ahmedabad City Social Education Committee has been running 41 adult classes. During the year 1949-50, 900 adults passed the required test and they were presented certificates by the Minister.

Widespread Rains In Madhya Bharat

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, July 10, (PTI): Following is the all India weather summary for Monday 10th July 1950:—

Conditions are unsettled at the head of the Bay of Bengal, where a depression may form.

Well-distributed light to moderate rain has fallen over the country in Assam, East Uttar Pradesh, Vindhya Pradesh, Deccan (Desh), West Hyderabad, Rayalasecma and North Tamilnad where local or scattered showers have occurred.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 11TH: Rainfall will be widespread in Madhya Bharat and over the region extending from Gangetic West Bengal and Chota Nagpur to the Konkan and Malabar-South Kanara. There will be local rainfall in Sourashtra, Gujarat Rajasthan and in and near the hills of the Punjab (I). Scattered showers are likely over the rest of the country. Rainfall will increase in Deccan (Desh) and isolated heavy falls of rain may occur in the Konkan.

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from July 1, 1950 and departure from normal recorded at 08.30 hrs. IST on July 10, 1950:

Ahmedabad 86 78 0.5 5.9 minus 1.3, Akola 89 75 0.1 2.8 minus 5.3, Allahabad 91 79 0 3.9 minus 5.1, Ambala 97 77 0 3.3 minus 3.2, Bangalore 84 67 0 1.8 minus 2.4, Bhavnagar 85 77 0.8 7.3 plus 1.1, Bhopal 85 73 1.2 5.7 minus 4.9, BOMBAY 87 78 0.4 10.8 minus 7.5, Calcutta 92 80 0 17.1 plus 1.2, Cochin 83 74 0.5 34.7 minus 1.7, Colombo 86 78 0 7.0 minus 2.8, Cuttack 91 81 T 8.7 minus 5.0, Darjiling 70 58 0 68.1 plus 33.1, Dehra Dun 84 73 0.4 13.1 minus 2.9, Delhi 87 76 1.8 44.6 minus 1.0, Gwalior — 76 0.8 7.2 , Hyderabad (Deccan) 87 72 0.3 3.4 minus 2.7, Indore 82 — 0.1 3.3 minus 6.0, Jaipur 88 76 0.2 1.1 minus 3.6, Jamnagar 90 78 T 0.4 —, Kodaikanal nil, Lucknow 88 80 0 5.0, minus — 3.1, Madras 96 80 0 2.9 minus 0.1, Musoorie — 59 4.9 17.9 plus 2.9, Mysore 85 67 0.3 2.4 minus 0.8, Ootacamund 68 52 0.8 3.6 minus 4.7, Patiala 89 78 0 0.8 —, Patna 90 79 0.7 13.5 plus 2.5, Poona 84 72 0.1 1.5 minus 4.9, Quetta 97 — — — — —, Ranchi 88 72 1.5 22.7 plus 8.9, Shillong 76 61 T 39.6 plus 15.8, Simla 68 60 0.1 21.1 plus 9.3, Trivandrum 85 74 T 8.3 minus 7.8.

TRAIN SERVICES RESTORED

JUBBULPORE, July 10. (PTI): Through trains are running over the Itarsi-Jubbulpore section of the G.I.P. Railway from midday today.

Services on this section were dislocated yesterday as a four-furlong stretch of the track was breached following derailment of 14 wagons of a goods train.

Patel Back In Delhi

NEW DELHI, July 10 (PTI): Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Deputy Prime Minister, returned to Delhi after six weeks stay at Dehra Dun.

TODAY'S RADIO

TUESDAY, JULY 11.

7-30 a.m. As in Bombay. 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram. 8-15 Chidanand Nagarkar, Todi. 12-45 Tantrakari. 12-50 Natvarlal L. Nayak. 1-40 The C. B. S. Symphony Orchestra. 4-20 School Broadcast. 5 Chidanand Nagarkar, Purvi. 5-30 Manohar Karnik. 5-45 Natvarlal Nayak, G. Bhajan. 6-10 Amritlal Navsariwala, G. songs. 6-20 Babu Chandrakanta, vocal Music. 6-35 M. L. Modak. Khayal. 7 Topic of the Day. 7-10 Locals. 7-20 M. L. Modak, Khayal. 7-45 Kamgar Sabha. 8-30 Swaman. 9-15 Natvarlal L. Nayak, G. bhajan. 9-45 Self-Sufficiency in Food. 10 Cheek to Cheek.

VARIATIONS: 7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee. 8 Manohar Karnik. 8-45 Sonibai Mulgaonkar. 1 Sonibai Mulgaonkar, M. song. 1-50 Sonibai Mulgaonkar L. Marathi songs. 2-10 M. L. Modak, Khayal. 5-30 Jantar Mantar. 6-20 Gaon Panchayat. 6-50 Grama Panchayati. 8-15 Hindi by Radio 8-30 Jagayachi Kala. 8-45 Kavya Darshan. 9 Kausalya Kopergaonkar, Lainv. 9-3a Chitrapat Se. 9-45 Manohar Karnik Sarod recital. 10 Chidanand Nagarkar, Khayal. Chhayanat.

Radio Talk

A talk on "CARE" (The Co-operative for American Remittances to Europe and Asia) will be broadcast by Mr. Melvin T. Johnson, Chief of the Care Mission in India, on July 11, at 7-00 P.M. from All India Radio, Bombay, on 244 and 41.44 metres.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Swar Ranjana. 7-45 Aaje Ane Kale. 7-50 Amritlal Kapadia. Geet. 8-15 Madhusdan S. Joshi, Bhairavin. 8-30 Bhanu Prasad Thakur, Flute recital. 8-30 Dholak Geeto. 5-45 Madhusudan S. Joshi, Thumri Khamaj. 6-10 Amritlal Kapadia, Geet. 6-20 Bhanuprasad Thakar, Flute recital. 6-30 Gramjano Mate. 7 Gita Prag. 7-15 Books From My Shelf. 7-30 Jagnnath Jagtap, Pakhawaj vadan. 7-45 Madhusudan S. Joshi, Khayal. 8 Amritlal Kapadia. 8-10 Sthanik Samachar Ane Havaman. 9-30 Paheli Baby. 9-45 Madhusudan S. Joshi, Bageshree.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Prabhat. 7-40 Anek Rang. 5-30 As in Baroda. 5-45 Master Madankumar. 6-30 Taliona Tale. 6-45 Ramanlaj R. Dave. Vilambit. 7-15 Books from My Shelf, 7-30 Majoor Bhalo Mate. 8 Sthanik Samachar Ani Hawaman. 8-5 Vinayakrao Patwardhan. 8-30 Rag Vasant. 9-30 As in Baroda.

B. B. C.

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE: 7 a.m. Books to Read. 7-15 British Masterpieces, 7-45 Much Binding-In-The-Marsh. 8-15 Colonial Commentary. 7-45 Johann Sebastian Bach. 9-15 Music Magazine. 10 Programme Parade. 10-10 Metropolitan Police Central Band. 130 Listeners' Choice. 11 Welsh Magazine. 11-45 Sports News Review. 12 R. A. F. Pageant. 11-15 Dance Music. 12-45 p.m. Programme Parade. 1-30 The Skid Kids. 2-30 Meet the Commonwealth. 3 My Kind of Music. 4-45 Jane Eyre. 5 Think of These Things. 5-45 BBC Northern Orchestra. 6-45 Voice of the Violin. 7 Here's Howard. 7-45 A Village Wooing. 8-45 Johann Sebastian Bach. 9-15 Report From Britain. 9-45 Music from Grand Hotel. 10-30 On the Job.

EASTERN SERVICE: 7-30 a.m. Sandesaye. 8 Aj Ka Khel. 8-30 Ap Ka Khel. 8-30 Ap Ka Khat Mila.

RADIO GOA

TUESDAY

7 a.m. Bill Bailey's Musical Clock. 9 Famous Ensembles. 9-15 Dance Music. 9-30 The Stars Sing. 9-45 Keynotes by Carle. 10 Meet the Band. 10-30 Tropicana. 10-45 Pipes of Melody. 11 Concert Hall of Air. 12 Salon Serenade. 12-30 p.m. Strike Up the Band. 12-45 "Pop" Concert. 1 Variety Programme. 2 The Four Knights. 2-15 Drifting on a Cloud. 2-30 Airlane Melodies. 2-45 Piano Playhouse. 3 Concert Hall of Air. 4 Indian Film Music. 5 Urdu Programme. 6 Candlelight and Silver. 6-30 On Wings of Song. 6-45 Mike Mysteries. 7 Hit Parade. 7-30 Music Without Words.

POSTAL HOLIDAY ON JULY 17

BOMBAY, Monday.

Monday the 17th July 1950, will be a Post and Telegraph Holiday on account of Id-ul-fitre.

The Bombay General Post Office and Town Sub Offices in the Bombay City will observe on that day the same working hours as on a 'Post and Telegraph Holiday'.

Air Transport Enquiry Body In Secunderabad

SECUNDERABAD, July 10. (UPI): The Air Transport Committee headed by Mr. Justice Rajadhyaksha (Chairman), arrived here this afternoon from Delhi.

The members of the Committee are inspecting the Deccan Airways' workshop and haengars and meeting officials in the course of the day.

The Deccan Airways, it is reported, is running at loss which is estimated at about Rs. 10 lakhs per annum.

Changes In Supreme Court Rules

NEW DELHI, July 10. (PTI): The period of limitation prescribed for filing petitions for special leave to appeal to the Suprme Court-in deathcases has now been brought down from ninety days to thirty by an amendment to order 21 of the Supreme Court Rules.

The Supreme Court rules have also been amended to enable advocates practising before high courts in part 'C' States to be enrolled as Supreme Court advocates provided they have the requisite standing.

This New label being introduced. Contents unchanged.

now shines in the Godrej galaxy of famous products in this year of resolutions for greater economic self-dependence—a new toiletry with old traditions of supreme Godrej quality and service behind it.

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Portugal Grants Amnesty To Political Prisoners

BOMBAY, Monday: The Portuguese Government in Lisbon have issued a decree granting amnesty to all political prisoners in Portugal and its overseas colonies including Goa, according to reports reaching here.

The decree was published by Goan newspapers without comment.

According to sources here, there are 21 political prisoners in Goa, some of them removed to jails in Portuguese colonies in other parts of the world. None of them are known to have been released so far.

Goan nationalist circles in Bombay regarding this as a move to gain the sympathy of the Goan people.

Development Of National Language

BOMBAY, Monday.

Development of National Language will alone bring about the necessary unity of culture and thought of different Provinces in India declared Shri Chiranjivilal Loyalka addressing the Fourth Annual Social Gathering of Dnyanajata Mandal at Cawasji Jahangir Hall Bombay recently.

He further said that every province should try to develop its own Language but however if a man goes to other province he should learn the Language of that Province also. He emphasised that with the development of provincial Languages, it is our sacred duty to develop our National Language as well. He congratulated the workers of Dnyanalata Mandal for the their work of providing education in National as well as provincial languages, such as Marathi, Gujarati etc. Earlier Shri Loyalka gave away prizes.

Shree W. R Patankar welcomed the Gathering and Shree C. G. Paingankar Chairman of the Dnyanalata Mandal, read out the report.

CONSTRUCTION OF SCHOOLS

Speedy Measures To Be Taken

BOMBAY, Monday.

In view of its compulso primary education programme, the Government of Bombay is taking necessary steps to expedite the work of construction of school buildings in the mofussil. It has instructed the District authorities concerned to resort to Section 17 of the land Acquisition Act, under which it is open to the Collector to take possession of any waste land or arable land in the District needed urgently for public purposes, with the approval of the Government, on the expiration of 15 days from the publication of the requisite notice.

The Government has noticed, in many cases, that much delay occurs in the construction of school buildings because of the time taken to complete the acquisition proceedings of the sites required. Consequently, it has directed that when a District Building Committee has selected and got approved the site and has provided the necessary funds for the construction of a school building, work should not be held up on the ground that the land acquisition proceedings are not complete. In such cases, the Administrative Officer of the Local Authority should approach the Collector concerned to secure the immediate possession of the land for the District Building Committee by taking action under Section 17 of the Land Acquisition Act, wherever permissible.

The Government has also instructed the Collectors to give top priority to the work of valuation and acquisition proceedings in the case of lands for primary schools and complete it as expeditiously as possible.

The whole Bombay is Singing "NI-SA-GA-MA-PA"!
SADIQ PRODUCTIONS LTD.'S
SABAK
Directed by M. SADIQ
ROXY Plans open: 9 to 1, 3-30 to 8 Daily: 3-15, 6-15, 9-15
PALACE Plans open: 10 to 12, 2 to 8 Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
PARADISE Daily: 12-30, 3-30, 6-30, 9-30
VYANKATESH (Parle), DIAMOND (Borivli) JAWAHAR (Kurla) ALLWYN (Kalyan), ALAKA & NISHAT (Poona), LIBERTY (Bhavnagar).
An India Film Exchange Release

President Visits National Archives

NEW DELHI, July 10. (PTI): President Dr. Rajendra Prasad today visited the National Archives here. He was accompanied by Dr. Tara Chand, Secretary to the Ministry of Education.

The President who was shown round by Dr. P. Basu, Director of the National Archives, evinced keen interest in the methods of preserving centuries old manuscripts. Dr Basu explained to him the fumigation process by which destruction of documents by insects was prevented.

In the photograhic laboratory, the President saw a micro-film copy of a document relating to India, lying in the Cleveland Public Library in the United States. Dr Basu told the President that the National Archives were considering a scheme of acquiring micro-film copies of similar documents of Indian interest from other parts of the world.

Dr. Prasad asked the Director why a number of documents were kept in jute bags on the floor. It was explained to him that for financial reason additional accommodation and storage equipment could not be had for keeping those records.

The Bombay Chronicle

THE THIRD FORCE

The resolution of the Socialist Party of India relating to the Government of India's policy on Korea favours the formation of a union of small nations which could interpose itself between the two rival blocs. The idea is not a new one nor is it one that has not been tried. General Romulo of the Philippines has striven for just such a third force and his efforts have not been altogether without fruit. Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary-General of the United Nations, when he spoke of his talks with Moscow, London and Washington showing results in three months was obviously referring to the meetnig of the U.N. in September and to the likelihood of the small nations pooling their resources with a view to influencing the Big Powers towards peace. All these hopes, however, are of a period of peace. With violent challenges to authority and nations naming one another aggressor, the small nations are only too glad if they can stay unnoticed. Moreover, it does not reckon with the fact that as the strength and resources of the Big Powers become more evident, the small nations tend more and more to get linked up with one or the other of the Big Powers. There are certain natural alignments that break all efforts at small nation unity—in combination, that is, with the smallness of the small nations. One cannot think of South America following a policy different from that of the U.S.A.; or of the generality of the Soviet satellite states standing out of Russia's plan for the new world. And this leaves very little to be marshalled into a third force. There is another point that the Socialist resolution has overlooked, too: If there had been a third force capable of exerting pressure on the Big Powers, it would have settled the representation of China on the Security Council which is at the bottom of the Korean flare-up. It is strange that whilst the Socialist Party Secretary, Mr. Jaya Prakash Narayan, exchanged greetings with Mao Tse-Tung, the Party Conference has said no word about the Communist successes in China. Practically, therefore, there is nothing in the Socialist resolution which is relevant to the present context of Korean conflict.

Nevertheless, there is a point of view which has received indirect attention in the resolution for which all peace-lovers must be grateful. That is the place of small nations in international politics. The arrangements of the post Second World War were based on the foundation of Big Powers. The small nations were assigned a very minor role. The Security Council's rules are revealing in this regarding: Five Big Powers as permanent members who must be consulted on substantial matters and six small nations on a temporary membership of whom only two votes were required; the veto power and several other advantages underlined that the other than Big Powers did not count. These very privileges have brought the Security Council into deadlock. From the fear that the small nations would be far too willing to commit the Big Powers into wars and conflicts, the decision was taken to reserve all judgement and initiative in Big Power hands. The result has been that with the buffers removed, the ambitious Big Powers are now face to face, both the leading nations anxious to call it off and none knowing where to begin. It is surprising that the Socialists should have contended themselves with a superficial approach to the whole question of international politics. Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia generally reckoned one of the foreign experts of the country has indulged in some vague outline of publicity for the idea of world government which sounds ironical in the light of the conflict in Korea. There is equally wild talk about federal approach. But the reconstruction of the U.N. and its Committees which seems very much to the point now, has drawn no mention from the Conference. Nor are we told how the U. N. Charter needs to be altered, as it does to readjust the relations between the Big Powers and the small nations.

For the difficult is not of recent development but basic to the structure of the United Nations and to the thinking of the Big Powers immediately after victory. All along, the attitude was that the Big Powers would take the decisions and the small nations be asked to endorse these decisions. The Teheran declaration of the Big Powers went even a step further: It evolved a new pattern of Big Power disposal of small nation problems which spread from Iran to several other nations and finally only stopped when the Big Powers failed to keep a united front. If, as has been frequently alleged, the League of Nations failed because the small nations were given too much scope and accepted as equal to the Big Powers, it was at least able to register a verdict on international issues which forced aggressor nations out of the organisation; the failure came when the Big Powers failed to uphold the decisions of the League. With the United Nations, the position is basically different. So long as the provisions of the Charter were strictly adhered to, no great decision could be taken; This applies not only to the Big Powers and what they do but even to the actions of small countries. On the Korean issue, the U. S. A. could act only by virtually ignoring the letter of the Charter and concentrating on the spirit of it. Presumably the U. N. and the other world organisations have been constituted for meeting just the kind of crisis that confronts them in Korea; yet they all proved inadequate for the occasion. Several commentators have urged that the admission of Red China into the U. N. and the return of Soviet Russia to the committees of the U.N. are necessary for peace to be restored to the world. This seems far-fetched. The present conflict will no doubt be settled but peace will not last very long after that. The only solution is to set about rebuilding the U.N. into a more stable, effective world organisation.

From Peace To Sabotage?

The World Congress of the Defenders of Peace, a Soviet-sponsored organisation, met last March in Stockholm and adopted an appeal to which signatures the world over are being collected. The newssheet "For a lasting Peace, For a People's Democracy", organ of the Bucharest Cominform, publishes week by week the signatures to the appeal in different countries. The appeal reads,

We demand the absolute banning of the atom weapon, arm of terror and mass extermination of populations. We demand the establishment of strict international control to ensure the implementation of this banning measure. We consider that any government which would be the first to use the atom weapon against any country whatsoever would be committing a crime against humanity and should be dealt with as a war criminal. We call upon all men of goodwill throughout the world to sign this appeal.

The monthly organ of the World Congress, "In Defence of Peace", not only suggests that all persons in positions of importance and notice should be approached to sign this appeal but even went so far as to insist that "an explanation of their refusal must be demanded from all who will not sign this call for the peace and security of the peoples". All the speeches made at Stockholm stressed the importance of peace. When we read that two hundred thousand signatures were collected to this appeal in New York City in one day alone and that these included leaders of the Church, scientists, leaders of the C.I.O. and A.F. of L., one can appreciate the vigour of the drive for signatures.

How many of them, however, realized what exactly they have let themselves in for? On Sunday, a report from Moscow showed what "Pravda" expected of the signatories. It said that, according to "Pravda", the Stockholm pledge had in fact meant:

"I shall stop trains, refuse to unload arms from ships, deprive planes of fuel, take the weapon away from the mercenary, forbid my son and husband to fight in the forces, and deny food, telephone services and transport to the administration, to prevent war".

All this, it cannot be denied seriously was implied in the Stockholm Peace Pledge but it was implied. None of those whose approval was sought, was made aware of the seriousness of the pledge which seemed a protest only against atom bombs being used. Now that a red-hot crisis has developed over Korea, the organs of Communism and of Soviet Russia are working hard to turn the Peace Pledge into a vast fifth column movement, a world-wide campaign of sabotage in all the countries in which signatures have been collected with feverish zeal. It might be thought by the simple-minded that the signatures secured in Soviet Russia and in the satellites of the Soviet Union are themselves guarantees of no war excesses by the Soviet State. Let it be mentioned that the Russian signatures have been the last to come. And if the Soviet Union finds them inconvenient, it will promptly set about putting it all aside. Anyway, it is an interesting development which does not deserve to be lost sight of as it seems to have been. It would be interesting too to know what the signatories feel about it all now.

Thought For The Day

The proper study of a wise man is not how to die, but how to live. A man who desires to help others by counsel or deed will refrain from dwelling on men's faults, and will speak but sparingly of human weaknesses. But he will speak at large of man's virtue and power, and the means of perfecting the same, that thus men may endeavour joyously to live, so far as in them lies, after the commandment of reason.

—BENEDICT SPINOZA.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

Referring to the exception taken by a delegate to his description of the Indian Constitution as fairly democratic in his report to the annual conference of the Socialist Party of India, Mr. Jaya Prakash Narayan stated that it did not mean that the Constitution was absolutely democratic; the word 'fairly' qualified his description.

—From report of proceedings of Madras party conference.

*

The Socialist Party, says Mr. Jaya Prakash, could have nothing to do with the Hindu Mahasabha or the R.S.S.; "we have nothing to do with them."

That is, after the Fair Elections Conference of July 1 and 2, Bombay?

* * *

What harm is there if the Socialist Party tries to learn from Mahatma Gandhi and adopt some of his methods, asks Mr. Jaya Prakash?

We hasten to reassure him, None at all.

* * *

The delegate from Mysore, Mr. Basu Krishnamurti, had talked of true democratic socialism without knowing what he meant by that; but Mr. Jaya Prakash hoped there was none among the delegates who would support that contention.

We would have expected that all the delegates would support the idea of talking without knowing what they meant. After all that is the spice of politics.

* * *

"Some members of the Socialist Party in Bombay had voted against the candidates nominated by the party itself in the recent Bombay Municipal elections," said Mr. Bapu Rao Jagtab.

This is the realisation that there are better Socialists outside the Party than in it.

* * *

The movement for a world government, says Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, is making headway.

So much in fact that there has been a head-on collision in Korea.

* * *

"Though beset by all kinds of confusions and scisms", observes the Foreign Expert of the Socialists, "the main idea of a supreme world authority is gaining ground over men's minds."

We quite agree. This is why there is such a scramble to become the "supreme world authority."

* * *

Insisting that only women could change our national food habits, Mr. K. M. Munshi revealed that the Government proposed to set up a women's organisation to work for changing the present food habits.

Would it not be better, then, to have a woman as Food Minister instead of our having to work indirectly through Mr. Munshi?

An Industrial Comparison

THE WESTERN WORLD AND U. S. S. R.

By Francis Williams

WITH the great progress in scientific and technical warfare since 1945, and the increasing mechanisation of armed forces, the industrial power and scientific inventiveness of the contestants, if there should be a third World War, will be of paramount importance in determining victory.

Quoting available figures, Francis Williams analyses an important question: What is the balance of industrial power between the Western World and the Soviet bloc?

An army, said Napoleon, marches on its stomach. The appetite of the great war machines of today has swollen far beyond the needs of the armies of the Emperor. They cannot operate effectively unless they have great industrial systems to feed them.

The decisive factor in the victory of the democracies in World War II was not only the courage and fighting spirit of the armed forces and their allies in the occupied countries but the vast productive power and immense technical inventiveness of the industrial machines, particularly in the United States and Britain, upon which the Allies could draw.

INDUSTRIAL POWER

With the further great leaps in scientific and technical warfare since 1945 and the increasing mechanisation of armed forces, the industrial power and scientific inventiveness of the contestants, if there should be a third World War, will be of paramount importance in determining victory. The industrial balance of the opposing forces, is, moreover, not only of primary significance in judging the outcome of war—it is also of the greatest importance as a factor to dissuade the potential aggressor from going to war.

What then is the balance of industrial power between the Western World and the Soviet bloc? It is not easy, nor indeed possible, to obtain the figures necessary for a complete comparison. There is, of course, no difficulty in discovering the industrial strength of the nations of the West. The facts are readily available. But it is very different with the U.S.S.R. and the countries under its domination. Perhaps, because they fear the comparison, they are very careful to keep from public knowledge all those statistics of production which are so freely available for other countries. Nevertheless it is possible to discover something.

BASIS OF INDUSTRIAL STRENGTH

The basis of industrial strength, and of modern military power is steel production. Here a statistical review of the maximum annual output of Europe's main pig iron and crude steel producing centres contained in a review of the European steel industry just completed by the Economic Commission for Europe enables a comparison to be made. It shows that the productive capacity of the steel industry of the countries in Western Union is more than three times as great as that of the countries in the Soviet bloc.

Here are the figures. The maximum annual output of pig iron for the European countries is more than 35,000,000 metric tons. That for the Soviet bloc is approximately 11,600,000 metric tons. For crude steel the figures of productive power are even more favourable to the Western democracies. Their total is just on 45,000,000 metric tons a year; that of the Soviet group is just under 13,500,000 metric tons.

If the giant steel industry of America is added to that of Britain, France and the other Western European countries, as it must be in any true estimate of the relative industrial strengths and military potentials of the democratic and Soviet groups, then democratic power expressed in terms of steel is not three times as great as Soviet power but more than nine times as much. The democracies hold an even greater superiority over the Soviet group in the production of crude oil. Of the estimated world production in 1949 of 467,663,000 metric tons, the United States production alone was 253,200,000 metric tons. The U.S.S.R. and Eastern Europe produced only 39,380,000 metric tons.

MILITARY TRANSPORT

Another absolute requirement of a great modern military machine is transport not only for the military forces on the move but for the vast supplies necessary for modern war. The full facts about the Soviet transport system are carefully concealed. It was faced with an immense post-war task following the destruction of at least 65,000 kilometres of railway lines, 13,000 bridges, 428,000 waggons and 15,000 locomotives during the war. Such evidence as is available, however, indicate that although much work has been done on restoration, the Soviet transportation system is still drastically inferior to that in Western Europe. General Bedell Smith, former American Ambassador in Moscow, who was vitally interested in transportation problems, reports that transport in the U.S.S.R. still appeared to be greatly inadequate to normal industrial needs and still more to potential military needs. It is very slow, partly due to poor rolling stock and partly to the bad condition of much of the permanent way.

RED SUBMARINE FLEET

In the light of the Atlantic Pact,

(Continued on Page 5)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Ticketless Travel

Chagrined by the heavy loss of revenue from the bus service sustained and recently discovered by it, the B. E. S. T. Undertaking has now turned its attention from conductors to passengers. In a press note issued by it, the Undertaking has solicited passengers' co-operation in insisting upon tickets being issued to them by conductors; and then it utters a warning that non-possession of tickets will render passengers liable, to a penalty not exceeding Rupees 20. The legality of the Undertaking's authority to impose any penalty has to be questioned. In the warning, there is a cryptic suggestion that the Undertaking might proceed to seek powers which if conceded to a transport concern might be abused. Evasion of the payment of bus fare by any passenger is, no doubt, an offence, but it should be dealt with by the court of law and not the transport concern. Primarily it is the duty of conductors to pass, on receiving the bus-fare, tickets in the hands of passengers even if the latter miss or ignore to demand them. Likewise ticketless travelling is, in a way, a sign of lack of vigilance by conductors and, therefore, of incompetence on the part of the B.E.S.T. Undertaking to control its staff. Persuasion and not threat of penalty is needed to seek passengers' co-operation.

The Goal And The Road

Self-Sufficiency is our goal in all matters. It has been said during the past years and even on Monday Sardar Datar Singh, Additional Secretary, Central Ministry of Agriculture observed while addressing a press conference at Calcutta that this year jute production would be 40 lakh bales as against 16 lakhs at the time of partition. This would be further raised to 50 lakhs by 1951-52. He added that they had also launched a programme aimed at achieving self-sufficiency in cotton in the next two or three years. Similarly there are standing hopes of achieving self-sufficiency of food grains by 1951. Even last year we were told that the sugar supply will be increased. The Government started anti-inflationary measures with a view to lower the cost of living but so far the results are doubtful. It is one thing to hope but actual realisation is different. Thus we are often talking of achieving self-sufficiency in all matters but it is problematic. Sardar Datar Singh said that, in the schemes for the extension of cotton growing, they might have to convert some acreage from foodgrains into cotton. He assured his audience that loss of food grains sustained by a state by such conversion would be made up by the Union Government. It would have been very interesting if Sardar Datar Singh made it clear what resources the Union Government has. If the Union Governments have any resources they would have not cut down the rice quota in Madras State and similarly there would have been no cut of 2 oz. sugar in this city. It is time for the Government to be realistic and not to live on mere hopes. The short supply of sugar was known long before and if the Government was a little more careful, it could have imported foreign sugar earlier. Now with Korean war sentiment, it is not known whether we will be able to import sugar and if at all, what price we will be required to pay. The production of agricultural mostly depends upon timely rains and favourable weather conditions during the growing period. Nobody can control either rain or weather. Thus the much promised self-sufficiency is always problematic, depending on certain acts of nature. We all hope to attain self-sufficiency but so far our progress is slow as there are some factors which are imponderable.

Communist Network

Though the Bombay Home Minister may call them "active but ineffective" the Communists are able organisers and clever propagandists. The pamphlet "Planned Underground Organisation", published by the Directorate of Publicity, Government of Bombay, pays an unconscious compliment to Communists for their abilities. If the pamphlet is meant to expose Communists and counteract their propaganda, it has failed miserably. However, it confidentally asserts that the Communists had failed to impress any influential section of the peace-loving population, thanks to the "instinctive resistance of the public to their mehods of violence and reliance on foreign sources for their very existence on the plane of thought, action and policy". We hope this complacency is justified for those who are familiar with the political scene in Bombay know to what extent the Communists have infiltrated into every activity of the political, social and cultural life of the State. Today they may not be strong in numbers and influence but they constitute a potential danger for the future. The pamphlet itself admits that the Communists have organised students, teachers, women and industrial, dock, railroad, post and telegraph and other office workers into 14 "fronts". One can only compare their organisation to the Congress at the height of its popularity, though it had much bigger membership, the Congress had a less closely knit body. The Communists are more dangerous because they are unscrupulous enough to use any person or party to serve their own ends. They make many a 'marriage de convenance', which later prove embarrassing to their partners. Apart from political organisations, their agents are always there to do mischief in woman's organisations, student unions and cultural bodies, directed by numerous "cells", having their contacts with the underground Communists.

The Remedy

Though the pamphlet lists all these red activities, it says little about what the Government is doing to counteract their activities or expose their propaganda. It is a pity that no organised and constructive effort is made by the Government and the ruling party in power to win over the disgruntled elements. If teachers are given a fair deal and their proper status is recognised they will have no attraction towards Communism or the R. S. S. Students, the most important and impressionable, can be easily satisfied and kept contented if the Government provides for their extra-curricular activities like sport, hobbies, scouting, reading rooms, debating clubs and study circles. If prominent Congress Workers devote a few hours every day to this work, the youth of the county can still be won over from subversive influence. There is too much complacency in the Congress ranks and local committees. The Socialists are doing much more in many fields than the Congress, and consolidating their influence. This is not the time for the Congress to rest on their oars and pick holes in other people's politics and methods. Unless an alternative and live lead is provided the people are liable to go astray.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Railway Catering Contracts

After so much fuss about the reclassification of class system, the Railway authorities still contemplate to make another change. This time it is railway catering system. They are designing to reintroduce the already discarded tender system for its scandalous working. Some of the present catering contractors will be ousted for no tangible reason and highes bidder will be enthroned in his place. Thus genuine caterers will eventually disappear and a successful bidder will succeed and railway catering will not be run properly. It is argued that tender system will fetch handsome gains to the railway coffers but I sincerely wish that public utility concern should not be converted into speculators paradise. When the present system of catering is going on smoothly it is undesirable to re-introduce the system which was already discarded. In that case the authorities should enhance the annual rental value of catering establishment and this will adequately increase railway income without any risk or uncertainty. The authorities should not aim at swelling coffers at the detriment of the public welfare but their main concern should be to make available wholesome and fresh edibles to tired and weary passengers travelling long distances in badly ventilated and overcrowded compartments. Being a regular traveller by train I know certain irregularities that exist in Commercial Departments of the railways and the introduction of the contemplated tender system will increase corruption and bribery to an unprecedented scale. Instead railway authorities should give present contractors certain facilities regarding decent counters, electric fittings and good storing and well equipped kitchens on modern style. This will certainly help in their drive to give more amenities to the travelling public.

—"A PASSENGER".

Race Segregation

The Gokhale Institute of Public Affairs, Bangalore, views with deep concern the policy of the South African Government in enacting the Group Areas Bill intended not only to segregate the races geographically but to cripple and repress the non-European Groups in South Africa. Such a policy is a violation of the fundamental Human Rights and of the United Nations Charter and is fraught with great danger to peace and harmony between the races and the nations of the world. In the name of all that is decent and progressive in human nature and human relations, the Institute calls upon the South African Government to abandon its policy of race segregation and fall into line with the requirements of the United Nations Charter.

—G. V. GUNDAPPA.

Need Of A New College

On my return from Ceylon after the Buddhist Fellowship, held in Ceylon in May last, I was surprised to find the plight of students seeking admissions to the Bombay Colleges. The whole story is a sorrowful tale and speaks with discredit of our generous hearted rich people of Bombay and well-known educationists. It is quite clear that there is a dire necessity of a new College, at least half-grade, in Bombay to cope with the rapid increase in the number of S.S.C. Passes. I may venture to point out that in a big project of Buddhist University, undertaken by the Buddha Duta Society of Worli, Bombay, there is already a provision of a Buddhist College. The Society has already drawn up plans and I feel it my duty to emphasize on the fact that if a charitable donor comes forward in the interest of the students with a handsome donation, I am prepared to take up and carry out the Scheme to its successful conclusion. If the Government, College Principals and Bombay Corporation cannot do anything in partially alleviating the sufferings and hardships of the students world, I, as a Bhikkhu, the servant of the Buddha, am prepared to help them by sending round my begging bowl and asking for donations for starting a New College in Bombay. If donors come forward with their money in this worthy cause, they will have the satisfaction of a good use of their charity and at the same time partially removing the distress and worry of the students and their unfortunate parents.

—W. SANGHARAKKHITA THERO, Buddha Duta Society, Worli, Bombay.

KOREAN DEFEAT WILL LEAD TO A CRISIS

Peace Threatened Whoever Wins The Battle!

LONDON, July 10. (PTI-Reuter).

ANDREW ROTH described as an American expert who has spent four years in the Far East recently, writing in the "Reynold's News" declared that if the American forces were ejected from South Korea "the explosive reaction in the United States would make the reaction to the Pearl Harbour seem like mild pique."

Roth declared that if American troops were pushed off the peninsula, it would probably release a wave of "hysterical jingoism" with Republicans and Democrats tending to compete to demonstrate their extreme devotion to anti-Communism. "Under these conditions, a resort to the atom bomb could not be ruled out."

He said a Soviet couterpart to American hysteria was also "a very real possibility."

"This would make itself particularly manifest if American-led forces not only pushed the North Koreans back across the 38th Parallel but continued northward to mop up the North Koreans on their home ground."

"If the Americans continued up to the north eastern tip of Korea it would bring them almost within artillery range of Vladivostok" Mr. Roth said.

RUSSIANS "TOUCHY"

"The Soviets are very touchy about their borders, and if American troops appear so close to Vladivostok, they may go off like skyrockets.

"Since a full scale victory in Korea by either side will probably bring to the surface the most bellicose reaction on the other side, a stalemate in Korea might bring a much needed breathing space".

"By now" Mr. Roth concluded, sputtering fuse in Korea has brought the world's leaders face to face with the sobering realities of a full-scale conflict.

"Perhaps a stalemate will give them a chance to think and talk their way out of it".

The independent Sunday newspaper the "Observer" said yesterday that last Tuesday's Soviet statement on Korea "confirms the suspicion that the North Korean action is a Soviet plot experiment in aggression by proxy and heralds a new phase in Russia's bid for world domination".

"The Soviet Union now claims that her proteges have a right to use aggression for the sake of 'national unity and democratic rights' and denies the right of the world community to resist such aggression'.

The "Observer" said this was plain warning "to be ignored only at our peril".

"In the name of 'national unity and democratic rights' (as Russia understands these terms)" the paper declared, "aggression on the North Korea model might well be stated from Soviet Azerbaidjan against Persia and from Bulgarian Macedonia against Yugoslavia and Greece".

"But the largest field in which the new Stalin doctrine can be applied in Germany, where an army on parallel lines with that of North Korea is already in full process of being trained and equipped by the USSR.

"This so-called East German 'peoples Police' is now estimated at 90,000 fully armed men.

"Preparedness" was the only answer to this new Russian policy, if world war was to be avoided, the "Observer" asserted.

"The world must be put in a state of alert, so that no local aggression can hope to repeat the initial success of the attack on South Korea" the paper stated.

"Politically, this must be done by strengthening the United Nations, establishing the Military Staff Committee foreseen in the Charter and co-ordinating the world's defences on a global scale, so that no points of military weakness are left to tempt aggressors.

"Physically, it can be done only by a rapid rearmament in Britain and America, who inevitably must form the backbone of world security".

Hannen Swaffer, eminent political commentator in his column in the "The People" endorsed the name of Pandit Nehru as "negotiator of an understanding" between Moscow and Washington.

Stating that if the world is to be saved Pandit Nehru must "soon emerge as the man of the year', Swaffer said: "Apart from him no one could stand between Moscow and Washington as negotiator of an understanding. Only he could be trusted by both sides".

He added that between Mr. Ernest Bevin and Mr. Dean Acheson stands Nehru—"honest, farseeing and anti-Communist and yet conscious that if there is an attempt by Washington to suppress Communism everywhere, world war seems inevitable".

Labour Bills Discussed

KANPUR, July 9. (PTI): The Industrial Relations and the Trade Union Bills of the Government of India were discussed at length at a conference of representatives of labour, employers and employees of banks and the Defence services here.

PROTEST AGAINST BOMBAY RAILWAYS

Red Member's Resolution In Corporation

BOMBAY, Monday.

MR. ZULMIRAM CHOWDHERY, Communist member, moved a strongly worded resolution in the Bombay Municipal Corporation today protesting against the action of the G.I.P. and the B.B and C.I. Railways in launching prosecutions against footboard travellers.

Mr. Chowdhury said that large number of passenger swere forced to travel on footboards due to "the inefficiency, failure and indifference of the railway authorities to provide sufficient trains on the suburban lines". He asserted that once the railwaws accepted fares from aid issued tickets to passengers, it was their duty to provide accommodation to them and therefore he said that it was an act of sheer high handedness and gross injustice to prosecute them.

The Communist member was of the view that railway authorities themselves were punishable under the Indian Railways Act for not providing accommodation to such a passenger and for allowing overcrowding in trains.

Though the resolution had the support of the Socialist members, it was referred to the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee on an amendment moved by Dr. J. A. Colaco.

Mr. Chowdhury moved another resolution drawing attention to the serious hardship, inconvenience and harassment caused to the members of the public in the matter of getting electric energy service connections. He called for the reorganisation of the working of the Service Department of the BEST Undertaking and the fixing of a maximum period within which electric connections must be given to customers.

He cited the case of a landlord who applied for electricity connection in 1949 who has not received even a reply from the BEST till now.

The Chairman of the BEST Committee, Mr. G.G. Morarjee appreciated the spirit in which the resolution was moved and admitted that there was a great of scandal about the working of the department concerned. He assured that the matter would be looked into without delay.

Mr. Morarjee further pointed out that power supply position would improve by 1951 when the Tata's power house at Khapoli was expected to be in full working condition by that time.

The resolution was referred to the BEST Committee for consideration.

The Municipal Schools Committee adjourned without transacting any business as a mark of respect for the memory of Mr. Yusuf Mehrally.

Dargah Khawaja Saheb, Ajmer

AN APPEAL

The Dargah of Khawaja Moinuddin Chishty needs financial help from its devotees and other charitably inclined persons All Nazars, contributions and offerings will be utilized for the following purposes or for any one of them as may be specified by the donors:—

1. Offering of flowers and Sandal at the Sacred Tomb.
2. Fatiha of Hazrat Khawaja Saheb and other expenses of the Sacred Tomb.
3. Cooking of Langar (morning and even meals for hundreds of the poor) and medical aid to the poor. One langar (meal) can be cooked on behalf of the Donor for Rs. 120/-.
4. Stipends and monetary help to orphans, widows and other deserving poor persons.
5. Maintenance and repairs of the ancient and historic Dargah buildings, lighting and Faroosh.
6. Cooking of famous Dargah DEGS
7. Library, reading room and education.
8. Other expenses of the Dargah.

ZAKAT and FITRA will be utilized only for No. 4 above.

New constructions to provide amenities to pilgrims and immediate vast repairs to the existing buildings, opening of a Library of religious books, better arrangements for water supply and lighting of the Dargah, are some of the urgent requirements of the Dargah involving large sums of money which depend on the help of the devotees.

Boxes have been provided for the collection of Nazars and offerings at different places inside the Dargah Sharif. It is notified that no individual either in Ajmer or outside has been authorised by me to make collections on behalf of the Dargah. The only way in which you can help the Dargah in the maintenance of the charities of Khawaja Saheb, or in the execution of the above schemes is to address all your contributions and enquiries to the undersigned only. No responsibility can be taken by the Dargah Management for any contributions sent on any other address.

ABDUL RAUF SIDDIQI,
Administrator,
DARGAH KHAWAJA SAHEB,
P.O. Box No. 33,
AJMER.

SPAIN'S LARGEST RESERVOIR

MADRID, (PTI-Reuter).—What is expected to be the biggest reservoir in Spain and one of the largest in Europe is advancing towards completion at Sacedon, 48 miles northeast of Madrid.

Known as the Entrepenas-Buendia reservoir, it will hold 2,300 million cubic metres of water when finished which at the earliest will be in 1951. The water will submerge part of the small town of Sacedon and the village of Anta Maria de Poyce. last may.

Offer To Whittaker From Italy

LONDON, July 10 (PTI-Reuter).—Tom Whittaker, Manager of Arsenal, the Football Association Cup holders, said here on his return from Rio yesterday that he expected shortly to receive an offer from Italy, who want him to look after their national team.

"I know that the Italian Football Association have informed Sir Stanley Rous the F.A. Secretary that they will be writing to me stating terms and conditions", he said. "I have no negotiations with the Italian people direct"

Stop Press

U. S. CONSCRIPTION

WASHINGTON July 10: The U.S Defence Department said today that 20,000 conscripts would be needed at the earliest possible date.

THE SLAUGHTER OF KOREANS

Eye-Witness Account Of U. S. Bombing

WITH AMERICAN FORCES AT THE FRONT, July 10 (PTI-Reuter).—Australian Mustang fighters yesterday led Allied planes in a terrific rocket and machine gun strafing attack upon North Korean Tanks and infantry driving southward

I had a grand-stand seat for the attack in an observation post overlooking the plastered area.

It was ideal weather for air operations At 3-39 (local time) two Silver Australian Mustang fighters, their white blue roundels clearly discernible through binoculars came winging over and disappeared into a valley between relatively low hills.

We heard the brittle crackling of strafing machine guns. It was a trial run to identify the targets definitely. Rocketing came next. Wheeling over the low hills, the planes split up for long flat dives on the enemy position.

Blue smoke and black debris blew skyward Then the strafing began in earnest

After twenty minutes of hell, the Mustangs circled the target to guide other fighters to the quarry.

Jets came next and when they finished, twin Mustangs were guided in The Mustangs remained over the targets nearly an hour, apparently marshalling the next planes into the area.

SLAUGHTER

For the fourth successive day, they encountered no North Korean air resistance. When the fighters finished their deadly work, the bombers took over to slaughter Koreans caught on the open road.

North Korean spies, switching into white peasant clothing from their uniforms, are outflanking and observing American positions, two senior American formation commanders told me today.

Iodine In Treatment Of Thyroid

RADIOACTIVE iodine, which has been used for some time in the treatment of thyroid disease, is now proving a valuable aid to its diagnosis. Formerly, diagnosis of this disorder depended to a large extent on the basal metabolism test which measures the amount of oxygen used within a given period. If more than the normal amount is used, it indicates that the gland is overactive; if it is below normal, the indication is that the gland is not forming enough of its secretion.

Direct Picture

Now, radioactive iodine is being employed to give physicians a more direct picture of just what the gland itself is doing. Iodine is found in its secretion and, if a tiny amount of radioactive iodine is used, the quantity taken up in a given time furnishes a measure of its activity.

This measurement of the rate at which the radioactive iodine is taken up by the thyroid gland can be made in several ways. The instrument known as the Geiger counter is used in one method. This instrument is placed over the neck and measures the rate at which radioactive rays, known as gamma rays, are given off.

Radioactivity

The second method is to determine the amount of radioactivity in the urine at intervals after the radioactive iodine is administered. This test shows a great difference in persons who are normal, those who have insufficient thyroid secretion, and those who have an excessive amount.

Of course, this test cannot be used by itself to determine the condition of the thyroid gland, but it gives helpful evidence when considered with symptoms that the patient may have, and with the results of the basal metabolism test.

It is not too difficult to carry out, although, when the urine test is employed, it is necessary to have the patient in the hospital so that samples of the urine can be collected accurately at definite intervals

In those cases where a diagnosis of thyroid disease may be questionable, this test may prove of great value.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

V.F.: When a person has coronary thrombosis, arteriosclerosis and kidney disease with dropsy, can the dropsy be controlled by treatment and thus prolong life?

Answer: The condition which you describe is probably due to decompensation of the heart. This is a serious condition and requires practically constant attention. Treatment varies with individual cases, but it is necessary for the patient to observe the instructions of the doctor most carefully.

LOOK UPON YOURSELVES AS SERVANTS

Mr. V. L. Mehta's Advice To Self-Government Trainees

BOMBAY, Monday.

"IT is when we all come to look upon ourselves as servants of the people that we will be able to render that type of willing service which it is their right to expect from the state," observed Mr. V. L. Mehta, Finance Minister to the Government of Bombay, inaugurating the July-December session of the Local Self-Government Institute.

Commenting on the curriculum, he said he was struck by the elaborateness of the course of training, and that much could be expected from the students as the training was in the hands of those who were well versed in local self-government.

He suggeste dthat in addition to the theoretical training they received, they should be acquainted with certain practical aspects of the problem by being given facilities to visit centres of interest as a necessary adjunct.

GENERAL IDEA

He also stressed the need for a general idea of legislation in addition to "the very large number of laws" they had to study. Laws on subjects such as regulation of marketing, legislation regarding weights and measures, legislation dealing with adulteration of food—all these are subjects with which the staff of local self governing bodies are sure to be concerned. He emphasised, too, the need for systematic training under competent men.

Another duty that decolved on them was that which in Britain is accorded an important place viz: the control of the police, care of the infirm, and the care of delinguent children. "These" he said, are the ligitimate duties of the State including self-government institutions.

FROM PEACE TO WAR

WASHINGTON, July 10 (PTI-Reuter): The United States Army has clamped down on information about the future status of factories which might quickly be converted to production of military materials.

Such information, it was stated today was now "classified", meaning it was in one of several categories of secrecy.

At the same time, it was disclosed at a conference of the Air Material Commands, Industrial Planning Division at Wright Patterson Air Force base, Dayton, Ohio, that only the few seconds needed to transmit a teletype mesasge separated many industrial plants from war production for the air force.

The teletype messages were ready drafted, officials stated.

AMERICA HAS POCKETED IT

Russian Criticism Of U.N

MOSCOW, July 10 (PTI-Reuter): Moscow newspapers yesterday criticised the role played by the United Nations in Korea.

Pravda, official Soviet Communist Party newspaper said that most British, American, and French newspapers were trying in every way to bypass the "most important conclusion"—that drawn by Andrei Gromyko, Russian Deputy Foreign Minister, when he said the United Nations would fulfil its peace function if it ordered the end of Americ- newspaper, said that by "exerting can intervention in Korea.

"Izvestia", Soviet Government pressure" on the Security Council, the United States Government had "practically taken the United Nations into its hands, making it a sort of subsidiary of the State Department".

The Americans were doing utmost to cover up their aggression with the United Nations flag and to use the organisation directly to unleash war. "Izvestia", charged.

THE SIGNAL

"Izvestia's' 'diplomatic correspondent claimed that the recent visit to Japan of Mr. John Foster Dulles, Republican adviser to the American State Department, gave the signal for the South Korean forces to invade the north last month.

The writer said it had become obvious that Britain and France and the other North Atlantic Pact countries had pledged their support for American aggression in Asia during the "Big Three" Western Foreign Ministers' Conference and the meeting of the North Atlantic Council.

U. S. WARSHIP SUNK.

LONDON, July 10, (PTI-Reuter): A Tass report from Phyong Yang received in London said an American warship was sunk off the east coast of Korea yesterday according to a North Korean communique.

EGYPTIAN PREMIER FOR PARIS

For Medical Treatment

CAIRO, July 10 (PTI-Reuter) The Egyptian Prime Minister, Mustapha El Nahas Pasha is leaving today for Paris, where he is to undergo medical treatment.

He is also expected to visit London where he will meet the British Prime Minister, Mr. Attlee and Foreign Secretary, Mr. Bevin

On the eve of his departure, he appointed a senior Cabinet member, Osman Moharram Pasha, Minister of Public Works, as acting Prime Minister during his six weeks' absence

He also made a minor cabinet reshuffle under which Mohamed El Wakil Bey, Minister of National Economy became Minister of Communications in succession to Aly Akyel Oraby Pasha who was recently appointed President of the Senate.

ALLEGED CONTEMPT OF COURT

Application Against Publicity Director

BOMBAY, Monday.

(Before the Hon. Justice Mr. Dixit and Mr. Chainani).

Shanti Patel .... Applicant.

vs

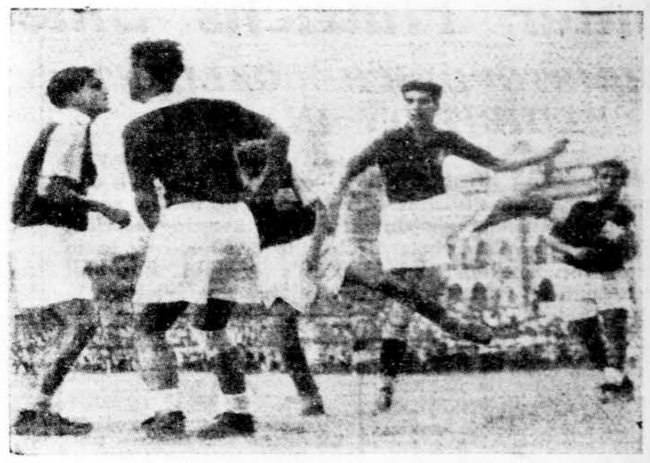
S. A Aiyar Director of Publicity Bombay .... Opponent.

Their Lordships admitted an application for action for alleged contempt of Court against the Director of Publicity, Government of Bombay. The application will be heard in due course.

The applicant, the General Secretary of the Bombay Port Trust employees' Union and of the Dockyard Labour Union had been charged with disorderly behaviour in connection with an incident in the dock area on 24th June last, but had been released on bail. In the meantime the Director of Publicity issued a Press Note in connection with this incident which was published in the papers. The applicant contended that the contents of the Press Note were calculated to prejudice the criminal proceedings pending against him and amounted to contempt of court.

Mr. S. S. Kavalekar with Mr. M. P. Vyas appeared for the applicant.

THE WINNER



In the re-played Hinrichs shield match, the I.C.L. beat the Indian Navy on Sunday in an exciting match. Picture shows Thomas (partly hidden) scoring the winning shot, the only goal in the match.

POSTPONE MEETING OF AKALI DAL

Panthic M.L.A's Request

AMBALA, July 10, (UPI): A request for the postponement of the forthcoming Delhi meeting of the Shiromani Akali Dal has been made by a section of the Panthic M.L.A's, reliable sources reported here today.

Most of the Panthic M.L.A's do not seem to give their individual opinion on the question of quitting the Congress which the Dal will decide at Delhi, before they could consult their other Akali colleagues in the Assembly. The postponement has been requested for arranging a meeting of Panthic M.L.A's to consider the issue from all its aspects before communicating their decision to the Dal.

Invitations to attend the meeting to be held in Delhi in the middle of this month are reported to have been sent to all Akali members in the Punjab Assembly Party under the direction of the Shiromani Akali Dal.

Spirits Of The Stars

Whatever may have contributed to the film crisis, it was not drink, according to Arthur Scholes, head barman for four years at Denham.

Margaret Lockwood is a teetotaller. Jean Kent has had no more than six gins and orange all the time he has known her. James Mason took only an occasional sherry. Dennis Price and Richard Attenborough never drank spirits.

Tomato-juice drinkers were Sir Laurence Olivier and John Mills, Jean Simmons liked Coca-Cola; paradoxically Hollywood's young Bobby Driscoll liked our ginger pop.

The most convivial stars, Sid Field and Robert Newton, never ordered anything stronger than a single gin and tonic and a stout respectively.

Some stars admittedly were more adventurous off duty. But on the whole Arthur's records show that British film studios are temperate.

—DAILY HERALD.

RIGHTS OF A TENANT

Karwar Judgment

KARWAR, July 10 (PTI): The District Judge here rejected an appeal against the judgment of a lower court that a 'Mulgenidar" (tenant enjoying fixity of tenure and rent) can be called a tenant within the meaning of the Tenancy Act of Bombay.

The appeal argued that "Mulgeni" is not a lease but a sale and that if Mulgonidars are allowed to take advantage of the Tenancy Act, the landlords will practically have no remedy against defaulting "Mulgenidars" since they cannot be evicted.

The judge rejecting the arguments of the appellant observed: "It is true that "Mulgeni" presupposes fixty of tenure and fixity of rent, but it does not make a Mulgenidar not a tenant. The terms of tenancy may differ in each case, but the relationship between the landlord and tenant is always there."

(The Mulgenidar purchases the right of tenancy permanently from the landlord and then he pays yearly a rental fixed at the time of the purchase. This type of tenancy is found in Karwar District and the neighbouring district of South Kanara in Madras).

THE WESTERN WORLD AND U.U.S.R.

(Continued from Page 4)

Soviet strategy has been devoting much energy to the building of a great submarine fleet. The naval construction programme laid down aimed at a fleet of 1,000 submarines completed for service by 1950-51. The most authoritative international naval publication, the United Kingdom publication 'Jane's Fighting Ships', after collecting and scrutinising a large number of reports on Soviet naval developments reports, however, that Russia's shipyard capacity and reserves of trained technicians has been quite inadequate to carry out such a programme and that on the evidence available it seems most possible that the number built has been nearer 100.

EVIDENCE OF WASTE

Lack of technicians and workers of the works manager and foreman type appears, indeed, still to be one of the weaknesses in the Soviet industrial system. This was noted by allied technicians during the war and led to great waste and inefficiency. That such waste is still going on is disclosed by the fact that in 1950's May Day drive for greater production in the Soviet and its satellite countries, great publicity was given to a campaign to economise materials in factories by producing finished articles at least one day a week out of the "scraps" normally thrown aside.

Undoubtedly many of the leading Soviet scientists are very able. But the Soviet still lags far behind the Western European powers and America in the development of such enormously important inventions as radar and the jet aircraft. During the last war she was almost entirely dependent on the scientists and technicians of the Western Allies for help in utilising the most modern inventions of defence. The most important of these were discovered and developed in Britain and the United States and aid given to the Soviet out of the store of technical knowledge available.

Soviet scientists are still a considerable way behind the scientists of these countries in the latest development of the guided misile and other new weapons of great actual and still greater potential importance.

MEXICO BEATS CUBA

HAVANA, (Cuba), July 10 (PTI-Reuter).—Mexico, by winning the doubles match today, beat Cuba in their American Zone Davis Cup Lawn tennis contest here. They had previously won the first two singles in the five-game series.

In the doubles, Gustavo Palafox and Alfredo Miller beat Cuba's Juan Weiss and Jose Aguero, 6-1, 6-4, 9-7.

Nationalisation Of Road Transport Disapproved

MERCHANTS' CHAMBER'S PLEA TO TAXATION BODY

BOMBAY, Monday.

Strong disapproval of the principle and scheme of nationalisation of the road transport service has been voiced by the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber in a communication to the Motor Vehicles Taxation Committee, which was recently appointed by the Government of India.

The Committee, however, says, that in the case of transport services which have already been nationalised by certain states, the burden of taxation should be the same as is imposed on private operators.

Expressing itself in favour of a merger of taxes levied by local bodies, the Committee points ou that it would be better if a single tax is imposed by a sinble auhority and the quantum of such tax is calculated on the basis of the extent of wear and tear and the measure of damage involved in as well as the road facilities available for, road transport services.

The Committee asserts that the collection of the greatest possible revenue should not be the guiding principle in motor vehicles involved in the operation of transport services, which have yet to make their headway in this country.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER

NEW YORK, July 10

Previous Closing	33.35
Today's Opening	33.48
Difference	+13
Today's closing	35.35
Difference	+200

"DEAD" ORGANISMS REVIVED

IT has been known for years that when cells and some micro-organisms are killed by ultra-violet or X rays many of them come back to life after a time. To determine whether or not the micro-organisms have really been killed they are placed in a sterile glass dish with the proper solid food. If a colony develops they are alive; if none develops they are dead. Resuscitation after exposure to ultra-violet radiation seldom occurs, but it is so striking when it does occur as to arouse the interest of Dr. Alber Kelner of Harvard.

Dr. Kelner noticed that the micro-organisms which he had killed with ultra-violet radiation and which had come back to life had al been exposed to ordinary light. The observation was enough. With ultra-violet rays he killed some organisms which are known as STREPTOMYCES GRISEUS—but which do not produce steptomycin—and then exposed them to diffuse light from a window. The presumably dead micro-organisms came back to life by the hundreds of thousands. "The magnitude of the light effect can hardly be overemphasized," says Dr. Kelner. It was startling and dramatic. Similar effects were observed with other organisms.

Did the ultra-violet rays actually kill? Dr. Kelner does not use the word "kill." He says simply that the organisms "had been rendered nonviable by ultra-violet irradiation."

There is no doubt in this department's mind that the organisms were as dead as doornails.

Dr. Kelner suggests that ultra-violet radiation kills by altering some constituent of cell and the exposure to visible or ordinary light restores the constituent to its original state. If it turns out that cells and micro-organisms which have been killed by X rays can also be brought back to life, Dr. Kelner thinks, it may be that some day physicians will restore, at least partially, human tissues that have been "burned" by X rays and killed.

When ultra-violet rays are mixed with ordinary or visible rays the deadly effect is reduced, just as it would be in the case of a poison that has been diluted. Ultra-violet rays cause micro-organisms to mutate—that is, to produce new species that breed true. By diluting ultra-violet with visible rays Dr. Kelner also reduced the frequency of mutation.

ELECTRIC EAR

Dr. Robert O. Fehr, General Electric acoustical engineer, thinks it is possible to construct an electrical counterpart of the ear. As far as appearance goes, the aparatus would no more resemble a human ear than a photoelectric cell a human eye.

Currents of various frequencies and intensities representing sounds would be fed into this electrical hearing system. The effects of the currents on any part of the system would be measured with the usual electrical meters. Fehr thinks that such an artificial hearing system would reveal a great deal about the way specific parts of the ear respond to different sounds.

Currents of various frequencies and intensities representing sounds would be fed into this electrical hearing system. The effects of the currents on any part of the system would be measured with the usual electrical meters. Fehr thinks that such an artificial hearing system would reveal a great deal about the way specific parts of the ear respond to different sounds.

To gather information on sounds considered pleasant and unpleasant, engineers are beginning to use lie detectors. These "watch" a suspected criminals heartbeat and breathing, note the electrical conductivity of certain parts of his body. Any one of these factors may vary with psychological disturbances.

The electrical network used represents the innermost part of the ear, at the point where sound impulses are picked up and transmitted to the brain by many thousands of nerves in a spiral chamber known as the cochlea. Each of these nerves is tuned to sounds of a particular frequency. It is the characteristics and interrelationships of these nerves the network is designed to measure.

PICKING BANDS
LEATHERS OF
M/s. COOPER ALLEN & CO.
(NORTH-WEST TANNERY)
SOLE AGENTS for:
Bombay City & Province
EVE FABRICS LTD.
INDU HOUSE
DOUGALL RD.,
BALLARD ESTATE,
BOMBAY.

St. Francis Goans First To Enter Hinrichs Shield Final

CHRISTOPHER'S GALLANT EXHIBITION IN GOAL

BOMBAY, Monday

SHORT passing in boots that enabled Rainbow Sports a junior division side to come up to the semi-final round caused their downfall this evening against St. Francis Goan's Sports Club who are the first team to enter the final of the Hinrich's Shield Football Tournament by virtue of their solitary goal victory.

Rainbow Sports made quite of fight of their encounter and if they had made full use of the numerous scoring chances that followed their way they may have forced another tale to be told. But lack of first time shooting and failure to open out the game sounded their end.

The Goan side were rather weak in attack but their forwards tried hard and their efforts were rewarded in the tenth minute when Eusebio Rodrigues scored from a pass from A. Fernandes.

Walter D'Souza who is an undisputable pillar of strength in the hockey defence started to show that he is quite at home at football and time and again he broke up many a dangerous move. Christopher was the 'saviour' of the side. His three remarkable saves at critical movements saved the day.

Rain interfered with play towards the end of the initial half and a little bit towards the opening period of the second session, but it hardly wore the backs out of the players.

If this evenings semi-final lacked good football spectators were amply compensated with some thrilling goal mouth saves at both ends. In the first half Christopher prevented a sure chance of equalizing for Rainbow when J. D'Sa headed into an untenanted goal and just in the nick of time Christopher punched the ballooned ball away

The very opening minute of the second session saw Christopher again being off a sensation save as Michael Rainbow's left-inner was confronted with only the goalkeeper and he took his time to make a clever placement but Christopher dived and saved.

Then came Rainbow's turn and when the goalee was out of position and the ball was certain to enter goalmouth, Waghela brought in his head and saved at the expense of a corner.

The teams were:- ST. FRANCIS GOANS: Christopher, J. Rodrigues, Walter D'Souza A. D'Sa, F. Rebeiro, S. D'Costa, B. D'Souza, John Fernandes, Eusebio Rodrigues, Silvester, Assies Fernandes.

RAINBOW SPORTS CLUB: R. S. Rao, Waghela, Mahadeo, Oscar, John, Sawalram. Mathews, Joseph D' Sa, George, Michael, Gopal.

Referee: L. R. Natarajan.

ALL IN THE GAME

SANTIAGO DE COMPOSTELA, SPAIN (PTI-Reuter): Disgruntled spectators of a football match played here between Iberiax of Santiago and polverin of Lugo threw the referee into a river at the end of the game. At the same time, the rival teams fought each other with their fists. All ended well when the referee was pulled out of the river wet, but unhurt and the players broke up and went home.

Ranger's Club Boxing

Another International Feast

The Rangers Club propose holding another boxing tournament at the Cowasji Jehangir Hall in late August.

Two International fights are to head the bill, in which Sid "Killer" Grieves (Pakistan) will fight Rudy Hourigan (Indian Air Force) and Peter Prince (India) meets Eddie Gray (Ceylon).

Grieves is the Pakistan feathers champion while Hourigan is the holder of the Indian title. Eddie Gray is well known to local fans who remember his fighting finish against Gene Raymond last year when he all but snatched victory in a last thrilling round. Dusty Miller, the ex-Middleweight champion may be matched with A. Grosser, the Isdian Railways champion.

Local fighters wanting fights on the programme should contact Terry Adams (Tel. 39811 Extension 227 or 345).

Secunderabad Races

HANDICAPS FOR THIRD DAY

HYDERABAD, July 10 (PTI):

The following are the Acceptances for the Third Days Secunderabad Races to be run on July 12.

THE BAGHDAD PLATE About 6 furl.

Mamluk 9-7, Black Hazard 9-5, Romp Home 9-3, Prince Far-han 9-1, Rabie Al Khair 9-0, Mars 8-11, Kitty Hawk 8-10, Thamir Majid 8-10, Young Krush 8-10, Tamadhir 8-2, Khalid Zobae 7-7.

THE GWALIOR PLATE About 1 mile

Red Cross Boy 9-4, Maharukh 9-2, My Chance 9-2, Miss Pop 8-8, Peni cillin 8-8, Pillar of Honour 8-7, Sea Lag 8-6, Bonzo 8-2, The Marine 8-2, Sugar Palm 8-0, Well Dealt 7-11, My Baby 7-7, Babul 7-5.

THE BHOPAL PLATE DIV I (About 7 furlongs).

Atomic 9-4, King's Parade 9-3, Peppermint 9-0, Fowzia 8-13, Lily of the Valley 8-11, Desert Hawk 8-9, Fair Gold 8-7, Just It 8.7, Patakha 8-5, Chrissie Darling 8-2, Gipsy Lore 8-1, Princess of Hindustan 8-1, Bold Attempt 8-0, Pure Emerald 7-13, Plucky Princess, 7-12, Shah of Iran 7-9.

THE COVENTRY PLATE DIV II. (About one mile)

Ganga Singh 9-4, Pessu Pasha 9-2, Broken Mask 8-8, Dominator 8-7, Trunk Call 8-6, Flora 8-3, Paramount Power 8-3, Windsor Lass 8-2, Royal Boy 8-0.

CAIRO PLATE (about one mile)

Jowdat Al Iraq 11-0, Amaj Al Shabab 8-11, Naqib 7-11, Russian Bandit 8-1, Golshan 7-12, Sharjeel 7-12, Officer 7-8, Naim Al Shabab 7-5, Khalid Ahir 7-5, Peter 7-4.

THE BHOPAL PLATE DIV. II (about 7 furlongs3

Gay Count 9-4, Battle Song 9-3, Wedding Day 9-0, Palmy Days 8-11, Dominic's Girl 8-11, Brilliant Sunshine 8-9, Fast The Post 8-8, Persian Princess 8-7, Star of Iran 8-7, Merry Go Round 8-6, Little Prince 8-5, Padshah Begum 8-5, Chandra Shekhar 8-3, R.A.F. 8-3, First Entry 8-1.

THE COVENTRY PLATE DIV. I (about one mile)

Chocolate Baby 9-4, Wet Bob 9-2, Nuralia 8-13, Illicit 8-12, Windsor Knight 8-12, D. Day 8-11, Yearling 8-9, Battle Out 8-8, Hooded Terror 8-5, Sabhah Al Khair 8-3, Marie Louise 8-1.

Another Row At Byculla Y.M.C.A

BOMBAY, Monday.

Yet another incident at the Byculla YMCA during the table tennis tournament. Last Saturday, there was so much booing and noise-making that serious attention had to be drawn to the behaviour of a part of the crowd. Today, it ended in a near-fight.

One among the many noisy spectators today was particularly vocal and the referee had to put his foot down to restore order and quiet. Apparently it didn't please the noisiest watcher, who, when the matches were over, took up the matter with him. The spectators-referee argument rose in volume and words till, it is reported, the spectator made an attempt to hit the refree. Whereupon the police were informed.

S. K. THACKERSEY EXTENDED

Byculla Y.M.C.A. Table Tennis

BOMBAY, Monday.

Fairly good standard of play in Table Tennis was witnessed in the third round of the Men's Singles in the Byculla Y.M.C.A. Open Table Tennis Tournament this evening.

Out of the matches played to-day three went to five hard-fought gruelling sets and two were of fan sets each. S. S. Jog was the first person who was taken to five games by S. N. Gandhi; who clinched from his Victor the second and fourth games by keeping the winner at 10 and 14 points respectively.

S. K. Thackersey—the Junior Champion had to bring out all the knew to overcome his rival J. Ezekiel. The winner's over enthusiasm to finish early cost him the first game which he had to give in extra points. Third was practically the repetition of the first and his opponent claimed it at 26—24. Thackersey played to his true form in the fourth and fifth games in which he gave away 13 and 15 points respectively.

P. K. Joshi after losing the first two sets at 17—21 and 18—21, made a marvellous recovery and won the last three sets to win at 17—21; 18—21; 21—10; 21—18 and 22—20 against Kumar.

D. P. Somaya and N. L. Bajaj won their third round rather easily playing four sets against their rivals G. Sahadeo and D. Balwant respectively. D. H. Kapadia had an easy passage to the fourth round.

The following were the results of the matches played.

MEN'S SINGLES THIRD ROUND

Y. K. Nedarya beat K. R. Panjri 21—17, 22—20, 21—19; S. S. Jog beat S. N. Gandni 21—13, 10—21, 21—18, 14—21, 21—17; M. S. Davar beat D. Solomon 21—14, 21—13, 21—16; O. Dyer beat M. Hariharan 21—18; 24—22, 21—13; D. P. Somayya beat G. Sahadeo 21—6, 19—21, 21—9, 21—11; V. M. Nadkarna beat G. G. Patel 21—12, 21—3, 21—13; N. L. Bajaj beat D. Balwant 19—21, 21—19, 21—10, 21—17; D. P. Sampat beat K. P. Mistry 21—9, 21—10, 21—12; A. S. Amladi beat V. V. Prabhu 21—11, 21—7, 21—10; S. K. Thackersey beat J. Ezekiel 22—24, 21—17, 24—26, 21—13, 21—15; B. A. Lalijee beat M. I. Parkar 21—14, 21—19, 24—22; P. K. Joshi beat P. Kumar 17—21, 18—21, 21—10, 21—18 22—20; N. B. Mistry beat C. N. Honavar 21—9, 21—13, 11—21, 21—13; D. H. Kapadia beat P. D. Hillo 21—10, 21—6, 21—13; D. N. Bhatkal beat A. N. Vosvani 21—12, 24—22, 19—21, 19—21, 21—16; X. S. Vyas vs. M. L. ;Lulla—Match postponed for Tuesday.

FIXTURES FOR TUESDAY—11TH JULY, 1950

5-45 p.m. Uncompleted Second Round of Women's Singles, followed by 1st and Second round of Men's Doubles.

Devinder And George Lewis Enter Singles Semi-Finals

POOR DISPLAY IN W.I.A.A. CLUB HOUSE OPEN BADMINTON CHAMPIONSHIPS

BOMBAY, Monday.

Devinder Mohan-seeded No. 1 and the favourite for the title this year defeated easily C. B. Kalappa—seeded No. 8, in straight two sets; while George Lewis—seeded No. 2—had to fight a little to overcome R. A. Dongre—seeded No. 7—in the Quarterfinal of the W.I.A.A. Club House Open Badminton Tournament this evening.

Devinder Mohan made Kalappa run here and there and all over the court and made him tired completely. Kalappa tried his level best but he could not do anything before the master of the game. Devinder Mohan won the match at 15—2; 15—3.

In the other Quarterfinal played R. A. Dongre made George Lewis fight for the points and majority of the points were long drawn rallies and Lewis's superiority stood out and he annexed the encounter at 15—6; 15—3.

To-day all the ties were one-sided ones and the standard served up was poor except Men's Singles.

The following were the complete results of the matches played today.

WOMEN'S DOUBLES—FIRST ROUND.

Miss Om Kacker and Miss T. Dandige beat Miss S. H. Vakeey and Miss D. H. Vakeel 15—8; 15—6; Mrs. S. N. Lall and Mrs. G. Nasikwala beat Miss V. D. Shroff and Miss K. S. Dukle 15—1; 15—5.

MEN'S SINGLES—QUARTERFINAL

Devinder Mohan beat C. B. Kalappa 15—2; 15—3; George Lewis beat R. A. Dongre 15—6; 15—3.

MIXED DOUBLES—FIRST ROUND

G. D. Patwardhan and Mrs. S. G. Patwardhan beat K. H. Madon and Miss T. P. Mistry 15—2; 15—2.

FIXTURES FOR TUESDAY, 11TH JULY

WOMEN'S DOUBLES—QUARTER FINAL

6-30 p.m. Mrs. Cuthbertson and Miss B. Saldhana vs. Mrs. S. N. Lall and Mrs. G. Nasikwala; 6-50 p.m. Miss Om Kacker and Miss T. Dandige vs Mrs. P. P. Nariman and Miss V. S. Oak.

7-30 p.m. Mrs. S. G. Patwardhan and Mrs. N. G. Lewis vs. "A" Pair; 7-50 p.m. "B" Pair vs. Miss B. Farias and Miss T. H. Vakeel.

MIXED DOUBLES—2ND ROUND

7-10 p.m. G. D. Patwardhan and Mrs. S. G. Patwardhan vs. H. K. Talyarkhan and Miss V. S. Oak.

Divecha To Play For Minor Counties

LONDON, July 10 (PTI-Reuter): Ramesh V. Divecha, the Oxford University cricket blue, is included in the minor counties team as from Oxfordshire County which plays the M.C.C. at Lords July 22, 24 and 25.

POONA SUB-AREA TRIUMPH

Southern Command Football

POONA, July 10. (PTI).

The Poona Sub-area scored a meritorious two-nil victory over the Jubbulpore sub-area in the replayed final of the Southern Command Football Tournament this evening.

The visitors dominated the exchanges in the initial half but were unable to get the better of the home custodian, Hubert. after a barren first half, rain rendered the ground slippery which helped the slow moving Poona forwards.

Rani Rajendrasinhji, wife of Lieut General Rajendrasinhji G. O. C-in-Chief, Southern Command, distributed the prizes.

'GREEN CAP' CAUSED A CONTROVERSY

Now Used As Apology To Present King

LONDON, July 10. (PTI-Reuter): The "green cap" incident which caused so much controvery in rowing circles over twenty years ago, when John B. Kelly, the American sculler, was supposed to have sent his rowing cap to King George V as a protest against being "barred" from entering the Diamond sculls at Henley Royal Regatta is in the news again.

Another American sculler, John Trinsey junior, who was beaten in the final of the Diamonds last year, by Jack Kelly, son of John B. Kelly, has now sent a green cap to the present King with an apology on behalf of American oarsmen for the incident.

John B. Kelly always denied that he sent his cap to the King, or that he had in fact ever entered for the race.

At that time the regatta rules barred all working men from competition on the ground that it was thought a man who used his muscles for work had an unfair advantage over a leisured man or a brain worker.

The rule was in being for over fifty years, but needless to say no longer exists.

At that time J. B. Kelly, who won the Olympic Sculls title at Antwerp in 1920, was a bricklayer in America. He was reported to have said, "One day I will send a son of mine over and he will make a joke of your silly old race".

He lived up to this for he trained his son Jack to win the coveted trophy in no uncertain manner in 1947 and 1949.

Jack was also acclaimed as America's "sportsman of the year" in 1947.

NARROW WINS AT PAREL

G.I.P. 'B' And Goan's 'B' Gain Full Points

BOMBAY, Monday.

Narrow victories were the order of the day at St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel in the Second Division of the Harwood Football League this evening. St. Xavier's College succumbed to G. I. P. Railway "B" by the odd goal in five and Goan Sports "B" gained a solitary goal win over Bombay City.

Nakwa Balaram and T. D'Souza scored for G. I. P. Railway "B" in a rather close encounter and judging by appearances and also on past performances the College side will be a powerful one after a few more games when they feel well-knit. G. Gracias once again proved to be their marksman by scoring both his side's goals.

Goan Sports "B" scored a well-deserved win over Bombay City and it was the younger side with their better combining ability that completely had the City defence on the move. M. Mendes scored the all important goal for the winners.

MUSRY CUP

In the Musry Cup this evening Dockyard Apprentice School beat Bombay Gas by solitary goal scored by D'Costa and New China Mills and Wireless India were concerned in a goalless draw.

GERMAN DERBY RESULT

HAMBURG, July 10 (PTI-Reuter).—The Erlenhof Stable's "Niederlaend" ridden by the experienced jockey Ottoschmidt, yesterday won the German Derby over one and half miles here.

Asterios was second, and Fuchstanz third.

English jockey Charlie Elliot, who flew over last morning to ride Liedesorkan, finished tenth in the field of 13.

Eliot was up with the leaders in the first five furlongs, but his mount then dropped back.

Neiderlaend starting at two to one, won by one and a half lengths from Asterious (32 to 10) with Fuchstanz (40 to 1) a further four lengths behind.

About 50,000 spectators watched the race.

Plea For Lower Level Of Tax On Sports

CALCUTTA, July 10 (PTI): Representatives of the State Sports bodies and of the A.I.F.F. and the A.I.L.T.A. at a meeting here on Saturday urged the Government of India to liberalise the import of sports gear.

While commending the idea of encouragement to indigenous industry, they suggested that until such time as home goods attained the international standard, "sports goods should be classed with medicines and other necessities, and not with luxuries" so that Indian sportsmen are not unnecessarily handicapped.

The meeting also decided to send a deputation to wait on the Government of West Bengal to plead for a lower level of entertainment tax on sports events in the state.

Sports events promote the growth of sport and development of health and therefore should not be placed in the same category as cinema shows or other entertainments of a similar nature, they asserted.

NORTHAMPTON FIGHT FOR RUNS

Tourists Declare At 431 For 8 Wkts.

NORTHAMPTON, July 10.

Continuing their game against Northamptonshire at the Saturday score of 348 for 5 the West Indies declared their innings closed at 431 for 8 wickets. Christiani was top scorer with 130. The home side had scored 215 for the loss of 7 wickets at the close of play. Brookes having obtained 51 good runs.

West Indies (first innings): 431 for 8 decl. (Chrstiani run out 130).

Northamptonshire: Second innings 215 for 7 wickets (Brookes 51).

OPEN TABLE TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIP

St. Xavier's College Tourney Starts On July 26

BOMBAY, Monday.

The St. Xaxier's College open Table Tennis Championships which have since their inception proved to be Bombay's most popular T.T. Tournament is being held in the idealy suited College Hall from July 20 to July 30 and once again a record number of entries is expected.

The last date for receipt of entries is Sunday, July 16 and should be forwarded to Mr. C. D. Masters, Hon. Secretary, c/o St. Xavier's College.

The usual events for men and women will be held in addition the Junionrs Singles and doubles and the other extreme, the Veteran's Singles.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL

Cooperage

5-30 p.m. India Culture League vs Indian Gymkhana (Hinrich's Shield Semi-final).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel

4-30 p.m. Globe 'A' vs Dockyard 'A'

5-30 p.m. Khatau vs Little Pioneers (Indian League Division One)

GIP Railway Ground, Parel

4-30 p.m. Asbestos Cement 'B' vs Worli United.

BADMINTON

WIAA Club House

6-30 p.m. Women's Doubles-quarter final.

7 p.m. Mixed Doubles second round

TABLE TENNIS

Byculla YMCA

5-45 p.m. Second round of Women's Singles.

Mann Declines To Skipper M. C. C.

LONDON, July 10. (PTI-Reuter): F. G. Mann of Middlesex has for business reasons declined an invitation to captain the M.C.C. in Australia next Winter.

"I want to emphasise that there are no other reasons for my inability to go and I appreciate the honour tremendously", he said this morning.

The M.C.C. just before receiving Mann's notification that he could not accept had confirmed that the invitation had been sent. They did this because of a premature announcement in a London newspaper, as the custom is not to name the captain until he has accepted or declined invitation.

Mann said he had written to Lords to say that with very great regret he was unable to accept their invitation. "It has been an extremely hard decision and there is nothing which I personally would have loved to do more than lead England in Australia. I have been compelled to turn down the offer purely for business reasons. When I came back from South Africa at the end of the 1948-49 tour I told members of the MCC Committee that if I was wanted for Australia I should not be available as I am a director of the Brewery and could not see how I could get the time off. In fairness to my firm I do not think it is right that I should go away."

An Australian tour means that players are out of England for seven months.

Norman Yardley, the Yorkshire captain, who led England against Australia here in 1948, stated today that he had been approached some time ago to captain the MCC in Australia this winter.

He said that he had informed the selectors that he could not make the trip for business and family reasons.

Narrow Victory In Italian Road Race

BARI (Italy), July 10 (PTI-Reuter): Nino Farina, of Italy driving an Alfa Romeo snatched a narrow victory yesterday in the 198-mile Bari Road race from the Argentine Ace Juan Manuel Fangio and Stirling Moss of Britain.

Farina set up a new course record at an average-speed of 77.50 miles an hour. Fangio, also in an Alfa Romeo finished 36 seconds behind Farina, closely followed by Moss in a Hum.

AMARNATH AND MANKAD SHINE

All Round Performances In Lancashire League

LANCASHIRE, July 9 (PTI-Reuter): For his double feat of scoring 56 runs and taking five wickets for 65, L. Amarnath, Indian test player and Radcliffe professional, was rewarded by the crowd with a £ 9 collection at the Lancashire league match against Middleton.

Middleton batting first scored 202. Radcliffe had replied with 144 for seven when played ended with the match drawn.

Amarnath's innings closed when he was caught on the boundary off a big hit.

Though he took seven wickets for 84 runs, Vinoo Mankad tasted defeat for the first time this season when his club Castleton Moor were beaten by Walsden in the Central Lancashire League.

In spite of the defeat, Castleton Moor stay at the top of the league table because their nearest rivals, Rochdale, also lost.

BRAZIL SWAMPS SWEDEN: SEVEN TO ONE VICTORY

Key Match In World Soccer Tourney On Thursday

LONDON, July 10 (PTI-Reuter).

BRAZIL favourites to win the World Soccer Championships, yesterday swamped Sweden seven goals to one in Rio De Janeiro's Municipal Stadium.

In another final series match in Sao Paulo, Spain and Uruguay drew two goals all. With two matches played in the six match pool, Brazil are leading with two points from Spain and Uruguay, each of whom have one, and Sweden, who are pointless.

Thursday's game in the Municipal Stadium between Brazil and Spain may well decide the destination of the cup. If the Brazilians get full points they will be well on the way to taking the trophy.

Ademime Brazil's dashing centre-forward got four of his side's goals to two in each half. He is now the leading scorer in the competition with seven goals. One hundred and eightyseven thousand watched the Brazil-Sweden match.

There were about 50,000 at Sao Paulo for the Spain-Uruguay clash. Heavy rain there made ball control difficult. But the Uruguay outside right bamoozled the Spanish defence and did much to earn his side a draw.

Uruguay centre-half Varela too, played a prominent part. He was strong in defence and scored the equalising goal from forty yards after threading his way through from his own half.

A NEW ZONE IN DAVIS CUP

LONDON, July 9. (PTI-Reuter): A New zone known as the Eastern Zone has been created for the first time in the Davis Cup Lawn Tennis competition.

This was stated today by Mr. J. Chinna Durai, who said that the recommendation of the zoning committee of the Davis Cup nations, on which Mr Chinna Durai foreign secretary of the All India Tennis Association served as the representative of the whole of Asia, was accepted at a meeting in London last Thursday.

India will therefore be able to compete in future for the Davis Cup nearer home which should prove of imense benefit to India financially and otherwise.

THE KHATAU MILLS, BYCULLA, BOMBAY. 27. Office: LAXMI BLDG., BALLARD PIER FORT, BOMBAY. Cloth Shop: MULJI JETHA MARKET, GOVIND CHOWK, BOMBAY 2.

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8E.7

ACTIVE GENERAL BUYING IN SPECULATIVE COUNTERS

Steels, Textiles And Chemicals Rise

BOMBAY, July 10

The Bombay Stock Exchange ruled firm with active buying and short covering in all speculative counters. However Bombay Burmas ruled quiet. Steels and textiles were in good demand.

Once again the Share Bazar was actively supported by bull operators and in view of approach of dividend declarations, transfer charges were higher. Thus the unprotected shorts had to pay stiffer rates as the books will be closed for Tata Steel shares. Cotton Mill shares were recently hardening on the belief of increased control quotations while removal of export restrictions helped the upward move. Fairly good rains are reported from many parts of the country and cheerful feeling prevails in the bazar. It remains to be seen whether old bulls come out to lighten their load on strong markets.

Tata Steel Defd. shares opened at Rs. 1672-8 and smartly advanced at Rs. 1690. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 328 and gained two points at Rs. 330. Indian Irons were done at Rs. 30-6 while Bengal Steels came in business at Rs. 21-5.

Bombay Dyeings opened at Rs. 978 and advanced at Rs. 986. Kohinoor Mill shares opened at Rs. 301 and improved at Rs. 303. Nagpurs were done at Rs. 237 while Svadeshi Mill shares were done at Rs. 259.

Scindia shares also moved up at Rs. 12, but Bombay Burmas were quiet at Rs. 463-12.

Later on Tata Steel Defds improved at Rs. 1692-8 and reacted at Rs. 1687-8 on some realising. Ordinary shares after improving at Rs. 331-4 steadied at Rs. 330-12. Dyeings stood at Rs. 985. Tata Chemicals were in good demand at Rs. 13-5. Closing tone was very steady.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (27-8)	985 0
Kohinoor Mills (21)	303 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	258 8
Central India Mills (6)	236 8
Simplex India Mills (6-8)	218 0
New Great Eastern (3-2)	135 0
Indore (8-3)	115 0
Gokak Mills (12) XD	244 0
Century Spinning (15)	240 0
Indian Bleaching (8)	143 8
Swan (20)	305 0
Finlay Mills (15)	245 0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	160 0
Edward Sassoon	225 0
Meyer (12)	74 6
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 14
India United Ord. (14-9)	11 13 6
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1 12 6
Madhusudan (15)	175 0
Podar (9)	121 0
Khatau (5)	145 10
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	331 4
Tata Steel Defd. (64-15)	1685 0
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	146 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (7) XD	156 12
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	463 12
Belapur (9)	227 0
Shivrajpur (1-8)	36 0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	11 14
Premier Construction (4)	88 3
Tata Chemical	13 7
Tata Oil (2)	40 8
India Iron (0-12)	30 4 6
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	21 4
British India Corp. (0-9)	8 9
Indian Copper	2 10
Wimco (11)	220 0
Alcock (28-2)	283 12
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3)	154
Andhra Valley (30)	1415 0
Tata Power (25)	1531 4

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	54 0
Phoenix (6)	126 4
Indian Mfg (40)	2950
Kurla XD	105
Colaba (12)	80 0
New City (11)	172
Minerva (12)	135 10
Bradbury	547 8
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 4
Bharat (2)	27 4
Mysore Defd (4)	151 4
Madhavji (0-12-0)	14
Model Mills (12-8)	145 0
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	587 8
Vishnu Cotton (6)	188 12
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standard (15)	227 4
Sholapur (200)	3030 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	17 12
Hindustan Mills (40)	2925 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	45 8
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	213 12
Sassoon Silk (3)	36 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	16 12
Madhusudan S (2-8)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (12-8)	162 8
Rata Bahadur (4)	51 0
Berar	256 4
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	115 0
Ahmedabad New XD	111 0
Surat Electric (5)	131 4
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 6
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 1
Amalgamated (0-12)	11 0
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	27 0
Poona Electric Supply (8)	126
Bombay Suburban (3)	154 6
Bombay Suburban New	152 8
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1835 0
Imperial Bank P (8-12)	450 0
Central Bank (2)	83 0
Central Bank New (1-8)	82 12
Bank of India (4)	179 4
Union (0-5)	7 6
Baroda (2-8)	128 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37
United Commercial (1-12)	44 0
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	31 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 0
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4870 0
Empire (10)	573 12
New India (2)	65 0
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	13 2
Indian Mercantile (2)	41 0
Universal (0-4)	9 0
Industrial and Prudential	28 4
Neptune	7 0
New Great	19 8
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	111 4
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	220 0
Bombay Burma New (5)	155 10
Burma Petrol	1 8
Mackenzie (6)	90 0
Port Canning (3)	49 0
Kemp and Co. (20)	323 12
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	100 0
Industrial Invest Trust (5-12)	81 12
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	52 8
Mukund Iron	4 8
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	110 0
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	27 8
Indian Cement (1937)	19 12
Walchand Nagar Industries (15)	126 4
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Manamadi Steam	100
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	30 0
National Rayon	53 4
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	201 14
Andhra Valley (7)	1221 4
Tata Power (7-8)	1332 8
Hydro Electric (7) XD	133 2
Bombay Steamer (6)	210 6
Central India (5)	650 0
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	269 6
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	107 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	334 6
Surat Electricity (3-4)	134 6
Pre. Construction First	99 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	130 0
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie First	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100
Morarji	94 8
National Rayon	73 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	
Bombay Steamer	98 14
Indian Hume Pipe	101
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2 9
New Victoria Mill	2 2
New Victoria Pref	4 4
Phalton (8)	92 8
Gold Mohor (20)	285 0
New Kaiser-e-Hind	325 0
Sajjan Mills	105 0
Osmanshahi	120 0
Ajain Shahi	110 0
Ajam Shahi	110 0
Air India Tata	60 0
Hind Motor	5 6
India Steam	6 10

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, July 10.

The local bullion market was fairly firm today with improved buying. In view of Korean war, the market sentiment remains bullish and there is more inclination to buy on declines than to sell on upturns.

The market opened at Rs. 182/4 for forward Silver and declined at Rs. 181/12 on scattered realising. At this level there was renewed speculative buying and short covering which hardened Silver at Rs. 182/8. Ready Mint Silver was quoted at Rs. 182/8 while ready bullion bars were placed at Rs. 182.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 115/6 and declined at Rs. 115/4 under initial realising but improved at Rs. 115/8 on increased buying influenced by the strength of Silver. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 115/12 and Sovereigns were placed at Rs. 176/4.

Later Silver advanced at Rs. 182-9 and closed as under:

Ready Silver	181	4	0
Forward	181	12	0
Ready Gold	115	6	0
Forward	115	3	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, July 10.

The produce market was very steady with increased demand for castorseeds influence by higher upcountry quotations. Linseed was steady and groundnuts were mostly unchanged. Quotations were as under:

	Rs.	a.	p.
GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality ready	44	14	0
Bold ready	43	14	0
Madras Coromandal	44	10	0
Oil Bombay Mills	23	12	0
Oil Upcountry Mills	23	3	0
Oil August	23	9	6
Oil September	23	13	6
LINSEED—			
Bold Ready	38	0	0
Small Satna	37	0	0
Bold August	38	6	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Bold	27	2	0
Ready Small	28	13	0
Madras quality	29	1	0
August	29	4	0
September	29	7	0

Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, July 10.

Tata Ordinary 331-4, Tata Deferred 1685, Indian Iron 30-6-6, Steel Corpn of Bengal 21-4, Bombay Dyeing 985, Central India 236-14, Gokak 244-6, Kohinoor 303-12, Simplex 218, Swadeshi 255-10, Tata Power 1531-4, Associated Cement 156-4, Belapur 227-8, Bombay Burma Old 463-12, Scindia 11-15, Central Bank 83, New India 65, Tata 2nd Pref 146.

SEA-BORNE TRADE OF INDIA

(IN LAKHS)

	April to March 1948-49	1949-50
Exports	416,00	4,60,36
Re-Exports	7,29	13.16
Total	4,23,32	4,73,52
Imports	527,25	5,60,02
Total trade	9,50,57	10,33,54
Difference	—1,03,93	—86,50

Ahmedabad Shares

AHMEDABAD, July 10.

The market opened firm and with bear covering remained firm. Fluctuations: Calico opened 254-8, highest 256-8, Arvind opened 772, highest 778, Ambica opened 223, highest 296-8, New Shorok opened 492, highest 498, Deferred opened 1670, highest 1692, Closing Quotations: Calico 256, Arvind 778, Ambica 296, Deferred 1689, New Shorok 496, Ashok 347, Commercial 610, New Commercial 841-4, Bhalkia 95xd. Marsdon 146, Raipur 721, Ramkrishna 177-8, Lal Mills 121-4, Sayaji 123-12, Saraspur 275, Atul 30-8.

Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, July 10.

120 Ready Japan	9	10	0
150 Ready Japan	9	8	0
120 Ready Italy	9	6	0
150 Ready Italy	8	13	0
150 D Box July	1450	0	0
150 D Box Aug	1400	0	0
Sstaple July	7	9	0
Staple August	7	9	0

Pepper Prices

BOMBAY, July 10.

Ashad Dely	3120 to 3150
Shravan Dely	3120 to 3140

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY, July 10.

MILLS

Apollo 2-13 2-14
B. Dyeing 977-8 81-4 78-12 89-6 85
C. India 234 39 36-8
Bradbury Ord. 550, 47-8
Century 240
E. Textiles 225
Finlay 242-8 45
Gokak 242 44 42 46 44
I.U. Defd. 1-12-6 1-12-9 I-12-6
I.U. Ord. 11-13 11-12 11-13-3
Indore 107-8 15
Kohinoor 301 2 1-4 4-4 3
Laxmi 587-8
Model 144-6 45
New Great 134 35
Podar 121
Simplex 217 16 19 18
Svadeshi 255 60-8 58-8
Tata Mills 44-8 45-8
Vishnu 190 88-12

SHIPPING

B. Steam 217-8 20
B. Pref. 210-10
Scindia 11-14-6 11-13-6 12 11-15 12-0-6 11-15

BANKS

Central 83 83-8 83
New 82-12
Imperial Old 1837-8 35
Imperial New 450
India 179-4
Union 7-6
U. Commercial 43-12 44

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad 116-4 15
Andhra 1415
Suburban 153-12
Hydro 153-8 54
Hydro Pref. 133-2
Power Pref. 1328-12 32-8
New India 64 65-8 65
B.I.G. 16-12

STEELS

B. Steel 21-2, 21-6 21-4
I. Iron 30-4 30-6 30-4-6
Tata Defd. 1675 90 85 93-12 85
Tata Ord. 328 30-4 30 31-12 31-4
Tata 2nd Pref. 146-4 46

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 291-4 93-12
A.C.C. 156 55-12 56-12
Belapur 226-8 26 27
B.U. Old 470 60-10 64-6 63-12
B.U. New 157-8 53-10
B.U. Petrol 1-6-9 1-6-6 1-8
B.I.C. 8-9
Dharamsey 32-8
I. Bleaching 145 43-8
I. Copper 2-9-6 2-10
Port Canning 49
P. Const. 88-8 87-8 88-12 88-8
Shivrajpur 33-8 36
Tata Chem. 12-11 13-9 13-7
Tata Chem. Pref. 131-4
Tata Oil 40 41 40-8
Wimco 220

SPECIAL

Ahmedabad Elec. New 110 11
Surat Elec. Pref. 132-3
Alembic Chem. Ord. 110
Mukund Iron Defd. 9-4

DECREASE IN WHEAT ARRIVALS

Hapur Markets Quietly Steady

FOODGRAINS:

Markets remained quiet. Due to frequent rains and uncertain weather wheat arrivals declined were appreciably Coarse grains arrivals negligible. To date rabi procurements in Hapur now total about 58,000 mds. of wheat 280 mds. of barley and 50 mds. of gojai. It is, however, believed that much more would be received once village transport becomes accessable after the rains. Procurement and issue prices remained unchanged. Pulses remained steady. With the fears that there is shortage of purses in Madras States comes the news that the important Moong crop is Hyderabad is suffering badly for want of rains. The stockists are active and the offtake in good in expectation of early clearance. Peas and Arhar arrivals were good. The latest quotations are: wheat 15, gram 10-8, barley 10, bejhar 10, gojai 11-4, gochana 11-12, peas 16 to 22, arhar 14-12, moong 18-8, urd 17-8, masoor 14-8 to 17.

GUR

The market remained steady. Arrivals were negligible due to rains and also due to the fact that very little is now left with the producers. There is excellent demand for dry chaku stuff which is arriving very little and is getting high price. Current price is good dry stuff 35-8, stocked gur 32. Despatches are possible to all deficit areas but Bombay remained the best buyer. The press note issued to the effect that the Governments of India and Pakistan have decided that among other commodities gur from Pakistan should be freely exchangeable between the two countries has hopes that some gur may be imported from Pakistan where prices are comparatively low.

OILS AND SEEDS:

The markets remained quiet to steady on good West Bengal support. Sarson arrivals were poor and demand was confined to local mills. There has been an advance in linseed and groundnutoil prices due to good export demand and higher Bombay advises, mustardoil prices remained unchanged. Oilcake was held steady due to low production. The latest quotations are: sarson 33-8, taraseed 26 to 28-8, groundnut 20 to 23, mustardoil 85, linseedoil 65, oilcake 12. Guwar: There was intense activity in the forward section. Hopes that guwar may now be imported from Pakistan where prices are low and news of actual deals for Karachi guwar having been finalized at Bombay led to nervous speculative liquidations by bull operators who had so far been holding on scarcity scare particularly as gram and coarse grains supplies throughout U.P. and Punjab were poor. There has been an appreciable fall in prices. Guwar Fagan yesterday closed at 10-14 having touched 10-13 whereas last week it had touched 12-4 and was quoted at 11-10 some days back. Ready is quoted at 11-6.

BULLION:

The market remained very steady. The undecisive political developments in Korea have encouraged bullish activity in all the markets and bears have been temporarily eclipsed. There have been good buying orders counteracting all profit covering liquidations. Current prices are: silver 180-14, gold 116-4.

Madras Share Bazar

MADRAS, July 10 (PTI): The following are today's quotations:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: 3 per cent Government of India Paper 97-2, do 1953|55 101-10, do 1966|68 99-12, 3 per cent Government of Madras 1960 100-7.

BANKS: Travancore 14-2

SUGARS & BREWERIES: Deccan 19-5, Mysore 45-12, Travancore 6-4.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 5-4, Devashola 15-4, Midland 6-3, Ouchterlony 6, Pullangode 1-7-6, Thirumbadi 2-7-6 T R and T Co. 5-10-6, Waterfall 3-6-6.

TEXTILES: Bang Woollen 230, Cambodia 11-4, Busingham 133-8, do Pref. 185-4, Coimbatore Con. 143-8, Lakshmi 73, Madura 35-8, Radhakrishna 180-8, Rajalakshmi 74-8, Ranga Vilas 56-8, Trav Rayons 4, Trichinopoly 3-12, Vacanta 107-8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 70, India Cement 15-8, Fact 6-1, Mettur Chem 5-12.

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, July 10.

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
2-1/4 per cent 1954	99	0	0
2-1/2 per cent 1955	99	13	0
2-1/2 per cent 1961	97	1	0
2-3/4 per cent 1960	99	8	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	1	0
3 per cent 1976	95	8	0
3 per cent 1986 Con.	97	1	0
3 per cent 1951/54	101	1	0
3 per cent 1953/55	101	10	0
3 per cent 1957	101	7	0
3 per cent 1959/61	101	1	0
3 per cent 1963/65	100	1	0
3 per cent 1964	99	15	0
3 per cent 1966/68	99	14	0
3 per cent 1970/75	99	12	0
3-1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	0	0
4 per cent 1960/70	109	10	0
4-1/2 per cent 1955/60	109	14	0
4 per cent 1958/68	112	8	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2 per cent Bombay 1962	99	13	0
2-3/4 per cent U.P. 1961	97	2	0
3-3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	10	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Punjab 1952	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952/53	100	8	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent N.-W. F. 1952	98	8	0
3 per cent U.P. 1961/62	99	7	0
MUNICIPAL			
3-1/4 per cent 1977	98	10	0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110	0	0
4 per cent B. Municipality	109	12	0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	114	8	0
6 per cent B. Municipal 1954	113	0	0

MONEY MAR

BOMBAY, July 10

B. C. Rates I. I. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.

B. C. Rates I. I. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months

London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready

London Banks Selling I. I. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month

London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month

London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month

London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month

London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month

New York B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.

Banks Buying I. T. Rs. 475 Montreal Rs. 431 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.

Banks Buying D. D. Rs 473 3/4 L/C. Montrea l Rs. 430 1/2.

Paris Banks Selling I. I. Fcs. 7250

Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500.

Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T D. D. Fl. 79.

Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.

Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 1033.

Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Gldg 79.

Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 3/4.

Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.

Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4.

New York/London Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4 3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.63-65 London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tel. 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10. London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 89.40-91.00 London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10-63-65 London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1-84-2/1.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pes 5.60-65. London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 3.07 3/4 3.08 1/4 London/New York Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16. London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr. 14.47-50. London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs. 12.23-12.26.

London Discts 3 Mos. 11/16 p.c.

London Discts 6 Mos 7/8 p.c.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money: Call 1/2 per cent. 3 Mos 3/4 per cent 6 Mos. 1 per cent. 12 Mos 1 1/4 per cent.

Tone: Easy.

Cheques Cleared

Cheques delivered througgh the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending the 7th July 1950 were as under:

Numbe r of Cheques: 182775

Amount of Cheques: Rs. 51,34,43,512-12-0.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Firm With Extensive Turnover

CALCUTTA, July 10.

The market ruled firm round all sections and a large and extensive turnover took place at gradually hardening rates. Following are todays final transactions upto 3.00 p.m.:-

GOVT. SECURITIES: Three percent loan 1986 97/4 three percent loan 1951/54 100/14 sol three percent loan 1963/65 99/15 s lot three percent loan 1966/68 99/13 three percent loan 1970/75 99/12.

BANKS: Bharat Bank 2/8 s lot Central 82/- Hindusthan Commercial 21/-.

COTTONS: Elgin Mills 15/8 Kesoram 18/-

COALS: Bengal 520/- Bharat Colliery 6/10 Burrakur 13/13 Central India 4/12 Lakurka 15/- Taochar 2/10 Katras Jherriah 35/12 New Beerbhoom 16/-.

JUTES: Alliance 186/- Anglo India 265/- Auckland 147/- Bally 262/- Barnagore 260/- Champdany 199/- Ganges 300/- Howrah 30/14 India 181/- Kamarhatty 298/- Lansdowne 180/- Megna 163/- Orient 222/- Naihati 164/- Nuddea 72 sl Presidency 7/13- Reliance 21/-

ENGINEERINGS: Brit. Eng. 15/14 Indian Iron 30/3 Indian Steel and Wire Products 49/4 ct Jessop and Co. 15/8 Exdividend National Iron 4/13 Kumardhubi Eng. 7/15 Steel Corp. 21/7

MISCELLANEOUS: Indian Copper 2/10 Karanpura Dev 18/- ct A Dalmia Cement Ordy. 6/1 Sone Valley Cement 6/11 Alkali and Chemical 11/2 Calcutta Electric 15/- Aluminium Corpn. 6/12 Angelo Bros. 22/4 BIC 8/9 Calcutta Trams 17/3 s lot Indian National Airways 2/12 Martin Burn 16/3 Jardine Henderson 153/- National Tobacco 19/8 Rohtas Industry 5/14 Titaghur Paper 27/- Assam Saws 7/10 India General Navgn. 85/8 India Steamship 6/10.

SUGARS Belsund 4/8 Buland 9/14 Ramnugger cane 13/6.

TEAS: Deejoo Valley 11/8 Ethelbari 12/8 Hantapara 215 Kodla 10/4 Kohesma 5/4 H Naga Hills 8/6 ct New Dooar 400/- Pobbong 10/- Ranicherra 7/- Seeyok 9/8.

INFLATION THREATENS U.S. ECONOMY

Korean Campaign May Be Prolonged

WASHINGTON July 10, (UPI): The Korean crisis has raised the prospect of increased inflationary pressure on the American economy, according to expert opinion.

Although there is no immediate fear of any alarming pressure, economists here agree that its actual extent and degree are dependent on three factors, namely the cost of military operations in Korea, the amount of increased general defence and military expenditures both here and abroad, and the possibility of "fear buying"

The forecast now is of prolonged expensive fighting, with the possibility, at best, that Russia will make a "Spanish incident" of Korea to feel out as long as possible the U.S. forces tactics and equipment.

CONGRESS ELECTION POSTPONED

Breach Of Peace Apprehended

AMBALA, July 10, (PTI): Polling of delegates for the Nasik session of the Congress from Kalka-Simla constituency has been postponed at Tubarikpur because of likely breach of the peace.

Four candidates including a Minister are seeking election from this constituency.

It is reported that a group of voters opposed to location of the proposed New Punjabs' capital at Chandigarh attempted to create confusion, by staging a hostile demonstration at the booth.

The voter's list is also alleged to have been found incomplete.

Member Of Opium Gang Arrested

BOMBAY, Monday.

Bhiwanji Ramchandra Pinge, suspected to be another member of the gang alleged to have been smuggling opium to Middle East and Far East countries from India, was arrested by the Anti-Corruption Branch of the City Police over the week-end.

The gang, the police believes, has been operating for a very long time and from the documents seized from the members after a surprise police raid, they found that they have been engaged in smuggling large quantities of opium to Persia, Hongkong, Karachi, Singapore and other countries.

Their counterparts have already been arrested in Singapore after an air-dash by Bombay Police and Customs officers. There they seized over 242 pounds of opium, suspected to be one of the consignments sent by the gang to Singapore.

The bail period of all the accused were extended to July 27 at the Esplanade Police Court today.

FROM WORDS TO BLOWS

Clash Near Nagpur

NAGPUR, July 10 (UPI): About half a dozen persons were injured due to stabbing and lathi blows following exchange of hot words between members of two parties of Kostis in Tahsil area.

The D.S.P. and the City Superintendent of Police with a contingent of police force rushed to the spot within a few minutes of the incident and brought the situation under control. Police pickets have been posted in the area.

It is said that a long standing feud between these two groups is at the root of the clash. Some days back, 53 persons belonging to these parties were arrested on a charge of rioting and breach of the peace, and bound over by the Court.

PICK THE BEST

SYDNEY (PTI-Reuter). — Young escorts seeking to make an impression on their partners have the wherewithal right before their eyes in a Sydney restaurant. The tables carry pots of live orchids—and the blooms are for sale cut from the living plant.

PROPOSED FUTURES MARKET BILL

U.P. Chamber Opposes Enactment

In a comprehensive resolution passed in this connection the Chamber says, "In the opinion of this Chamber the provisions of the proposed Bill are too drastic and will greatly disturb the forward business carried out throughout India and thereby cause unemployment among traders, brokers and employees of the Chambers associated with this business. It is an unnecessary attempt on the part of the Government to interfere in the forward business which has been carried on for a very long time. During the last world-war the British Government issued orders under rule 81 of the Defence of India Rules prohibiting Futures trading in certain commodities. The apprehension of the Government that Futures contracts as carried on upto this time inflate the prices of commodities is not realistic. The Chamber, therefore, opposes the enactment of this Bill".

The Chamber has suggested quite a few drastic amendments in the alternative, if the Government is bent upon pushing the Bill through despite the protests of the various Chambers. Most of these amendments relate to the curtailment of proposed powers sought to be acquired by the Central Government for interfering into the working of such Chambers who would carry on this business.

STEEL ALLOTMENT FOR BOMBAY

Misleading Report Refuted

BOMBAY, Monday.

The Government of Bombay desires to refute, as incorrect and misleading, a recent press report which had suggested that the Government of Bombay might have to abandon some of its development schemes on account of inadequate allotment of steel and iron to the State Government by the Government of India.

The allotment of steel and iron is made every quarter to the Government for the State non-agricultural purposes, fabricators among displaced persons, Government development schemes, Government-sponsored housing schemes and steel processing industries. The figures of allotment during the last three quarters, show that there has been a remarkable improvement in the quota position under all these heads. The position for the last, i.e., fourth quarter, has been highly satisfactory.

It is, therefore, clear that there is no question of abandoning any of the development schemes in progress. A meeting of the Steel Co-ordination Committee was held to work out the inter-departmental distribution as normal procedure.

CONFIDENCE TRICK

"Friend" Bolts With Cash And Goods

BOMBAY, Monday.

A newcomer to Bombay was met at the V. T. Station by one Gafoor on June 28. Being in need of help and impressed with Gafoor's talk, he took Gafoor into confidence. They had meals together during the course of which Gafoor suggested to the newcomer that he should open a shop.

They then went to Golpitha, where Gafoor, the police stated, took him to the residence of one Mohamed Sardar Nabi Bux, who, he said was his uncle.

Next came the necessary paraphernalia to equip the shop. It was decided to start with toilet requisites, stockings, hangers and such other things for which there was always a demand. Purchases were accordingly made to the value of Rs. 147, and so impressed was the newcomer with the bona fides of Gafoor when he saw him trying to bring prices down to the lowest possible digit, that he gave him Rs. 220 for safe keeping.

It was a good start for the newcomer whose next concern was accommodation for the night. The obliging Gafoor promised to put him up till such time as he found another place. A spare bed he had, but what was wanted was a chaddar. And so the newcomer was sent to buy a sheet while Gafoor was left in charge of all the articles they had purchased. When the newcome arrived after purchasing the sheet, he found Gafoor had disappeared and had taken with him everything.

The police were informed, and they arrested Mohamed Sardar Nabi Bux the "uncle". Gafoor has still not been traced. Nabi Bux was released on bail by the Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Police Court, pending further investigations.

Another newcomer to Bombay was also duped but in other circumstances. He was approached by one Shrawan Sitaram, who it is alleged, posed as a police constable attached to the C.I.D. and robbed him of cash clothes and ornaments valued at Rs. 304 at the point of a knife. The accused has been released on bail pending further enquiries.

INDIANS IN MALAYAN POLICE FORCE

Increase In Strength

SINGAPORE, July 9, (PTI): The strength of the Indian element in the Malayan Federation regular police force has increased.

There were 1,133 Indians in the regular force at the end of May this year against 1,306 in May, 1949.

The fall was under "other ranks". There was an increase in the category of Gazetted Indian Officers and Indian Inspectors. The figures were: May 1950, Indian gazetted officers 10, Inspectors 64, other ranks 1,059. The regular police force of the Federation totalled 15,979 at the end of May this year against 14,811 a year ago.

In addition to these figures, there were 1,234 Indians in the auxiliary police force, 209 in the extra police constabulary and 1,229 in the special constabulary.

MYSORE FACTOPY STRIKE

Non-Payment Of Bonus

BANGALORE, July 10, (PTI): Over 1,100 employees of the Mysore Government-owned electric factory here went on strike this morning, following non-payment of bonus. The strike is legal.

Under an agreement reached in May last among workers representatives, the management and the Mysore Labour Minister they were to receive one month's salary as bonus. It is stated that the Finance Department has so far declined to sanction this expense.

The annual profit of this exclusively Government-owned and Government managed factory is Rs. one lakh and the expense involved in giving one month's bonus to the employees is estimated to be Rs. 40,000.

The factory manufactures transformers and other electrical goods for the electricity department.

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EFFECTIVE APPEAL OF REDS IN S. E. ASIA

Military Cannot Stop Them Says Times

LONDON, July 10. (PTI-Reuter):

THE Western powers cannot ignore the effective appeal which the native Communist leaders can make throughout different countries in South East Asia, the Times declared today.

The newspaper said in an editorial: "It is the native Communists, not the Russians, who are leading the attack in South East Asia.

"The cry of land for the peasants and of independence for the peoples finds willing adherents, while far too often the Western powers can be portrayed as upholding their own interests and maintaining the landlords in power."

The paper quoted the American columnist Walter Lippman as saying that nowhere on the mainland of Far Eastern Asia has communism been contained except by committing French, British, or American force.

ECONOMIC AID

"A fuller and more rewarding picture emerges if the survey is broadened to include India, Ceylon and Indonesia, all newly independent countries which are themselves successfully coping with communism—or if it is made to include Siam, with its many peasant holders watchful of the Chinese minority", the Times said.

The Times said "military force, however, although more than ever necessary, does not become the sole answer any more than it has been in the past.

"The programme of economic assistance devised at Colombo and Sydney can be only the beginning of an arduous and costly enterprise which the Western powers cannot afford to neglect."

U. S. ACTION IN ASIA VERY LATE

TIME Comment

Would powerful swift U. S. action throughout the Far East bring war with Russia? The U. S. frankly didn't know. But in Washington Democratic Majority Leader John McCormack replied, "The logical hope is that it will be insurance for peace." "That logic will prevail," reports TIME in its issue of July 3rd.

"The U. S. had dawdled temporized, compromised on Asia," TIME explains "but the Red attack in Korea had at last shocked it into action—long overdue action not only on Korea but on strategically crucial Formosa and the Philippines. It was late for Korea, which was still in serious danger of being overrun by Communism. It was late for all of Asia. But there was a good chance that it was not too late."

President Truman had sent communications to Stalin through highest diplomatic channels that the U. S. means to keep the peace and would fight anyone, including Russia, to preserve it. "In effect," states TIME, "the U. S. was acting as the United Nations Security Council's powerful police arm. The U. S. had drawn upon its conscience and its best judgement." If Moscow launched the attack on South Korea as a test of American determination, then this week "Moscow ought to be well informed on the subject of American determination" concludes TIME.

Bogus Notes In Steel Box

ELURU, (W. Godavari), July 10, (PTI): District police probing the counterfeit-currency racket here yesterday ran down a man at Bhimadole village bringing up total arrests so far to eleven

First clues in the racket came when the police broke into a rice mill near here on June 29 and ripped open a steel box which contained 4 000 counterfeit ten rupee notes They were all printed on one side.

Later, they seized two steel boxes said to contain stacks of paper pruned to the requisite size and printing inks. A treadle machine used in printing these notes was also traced.

INDIAN AIR SERVICE TO FAR EAST

SINGAPORE July 10 (PTI): The first Indian regular passenger air service to the Far East is likely to commence operation shortly.

Bharat Airways, who will operate it, hope to inaugurate the service to Singapore in August, and later, to extend it to Australia.

Skymasters will be operated on the route, which will be via Bangkok to Singapore, with a frequency in the first instance of once a week.

New World Gets Its First Saint

"LILY OF QUITO"

VATICAN CITY, July 10, (PTI-Reuter): Pope Pius XII in the last canonisation ceremony of the Catholic Holy Year yesterday gave the new world its first native-born saint.

Her name is Mariane De Mesu Paredes Y Flores, known as "Lily of Quito", her native city where she was born on October 31, 1618.

The Pope said in a speech at the ceremony that all Catholics should follow the examples set by the new saint of humility and purity.

He ordered that May 26 each year should be observed as the Saint's Feast Day. The "Lily" died on May 26, 1645, when she was 26 years old. Her wealthy Spanish parents died when she was a child and she renounced her inheritance and led what contemporary records called a "saintly life".

When she was 26, a plague struck Ecuador, killing thousands that according to Catholic belief, she offered her own life if God would stop the plague". The plague stopped, but she died

The processes leading to her canonisation have lasted two centuries. Her cause was first introduced to the Vatican in 1757 and she was beatified on October 7, 1850.

Mariane was declared a "National Heroine" by the Ecuadorian Parliament in 1947.

INDIAN OUTLOOK CRITICISED

Mr. S. K. Patil On His Impressions

BOMBAY, Monday.

Speaking on the impressions of the recent tour at the Bharatiya Vidya Bhawan, Mr. S. K. Patil criticised the Indian outlook on life and the average Indian character.

He said that the average Indian character was rather demoralised. This was due to the tendency of minding our neighbours' business instead of taking interest in our own affairs.

Mr. Patil said that our day to day relations with one another were far from genial. Comparing the Indian character with that of the American, Mr. Patil stated that the standard of life in America has run very high due to the increasing productive capacity of he average American.

He cited the example of an Indnan office where he said the faces of the workers had a gloomy look when in an American office every worker was cheerful and had a smile on his face.

With regard to the motion picture industry, the speaker said India had a lot t olearn from abroad and the industry had a lot of scope for improvement. Since we wer ea big country, the industry could cater to a large public, but we must maintain a high standard of technique and material. The industry could partly be improved by careful selection of stars who were highly educated.

Memorial For Sahajanand Saraswati

RANCHI, July 10 (PTI): Mr. Krishna Ballabh Sahay, Bihar's Revenue Minister and President of the Swami Sahajanand Memorial Committee, has issued an appeal for funds to build a suitable memorial for Swami Sahajanand Saraswati—who died on June 27.

The memorial that will be constructed, Mr. Sahay says, will not serve any political end. It will be for the use of the general pubic without any distiction of class or creed.

Artists' Role In Vana Mahotsava

POSTERS DISPLAY AT J.J. SCHOOL

BOMBAY, Monday.

An interesting display of posters on Vana Mahotsava has been arranged at the Commercial Art Section of the Sir J. J. School of Art, Bombay. The posters displayed have been prepared by the students of the Commercial Art Section as their contribution to the Vana Mahotsava Week, and show how it is possible to mobilise public opinion in support of an activity through the medium of posters. Shri V. N. Adarkar, Superintendent of the Section, while declaring the exhibition open, and stressing the great significance of Vana Mahotsava, explained the object in organising this small but colourful display and reiterated the importance of Commercial Art as a means of mass education. "The Commercial Art Section of the Bombay School of Art", Shri Adarkar said, "had always endeavoured in the past to offer its students an opportunity to experiment

in applying their talent to creating art work of educational significance". The exhibition—which is one of the series of such exhibitions organised by the Commercial Art Section in the past and which is arranged within a month's time after the commencement of the new session—is an example worth emulating as it shows how an educational institution can come out of its academic isolation and play a constructive part in the life of the nation. The display consists of over 30 posters showing the various aspects of Vana Mahotsava and is remarkable not only as an example of a well thought out scheme of merit of the students.

The posters done by Shri Talkikar, Shri Mehta, Shri Kazi Shrimati Je and Shrimati Bhiwandkar deserv special mention as outstanding work showing well-expressed idea and pictorial representation. The display will remain open at the Commercial Art Section till 15th July 1950.

SELF-SUFFICIENCY IN JUTE IN A YEAR

But No Price-Increase Bait

CUTTACK, July 10 (PTI).

SARDAR DATAR SINGH, Additional Secretary, Central Ministry of Agriculture, declared here yesterday that India would achieve self-sufficiency in jute by 1951-52. He added that they had also launched a programme aimed at achieving self-sufficiency in cotton in the next two or three years.

Sardar Datar Singh who was addressing a press conference estimated this year's jute production would be 40 lakhs bales as against 16 lakhs at the time of partition. This would be further raised to 50 lakhs by 1951-52, he said.

NO PRICE INCREASE

Sardar Datar Singh said that it was not possible to raise the price of jute as has been done in the case of cotton In fixing up these prices, he added, they had to consider the rates of these commodities in world markets.

As regards cotton, he said that their target for this year was to increase the cotton production by six lakhs bales over that of last year. India's requirements of cotton stood at about 40 lakhs bales. Sardar Datar Singh said that in the schemes for the extension of cotton-growing, they might have to convert some acreage from foodgrains into cotton. He assured that the loss in foodgrains sustained by a State by such conversion would be made up by the Union Government.

Sardar Datar Singh said that they could not make any great headway without improving the cattle wealth, as more than 85 per cent of the population was directly depending on agriculture in which cattle played a very important part. Though they had got one-fourth of the total world cattle population in undivided India, they had the poorest milk supply in the world.

Sardar Datar Singh said that against the minimum milk requirement of 16 ounces per capita they are having only five ounces per capita. So their present milk yield had to be increased by 300 per cent to meet the country's requirements.

A TAX SUGGESTED

Sardar Datar Singh suggested a tax of one rupee for every cattle-head sold for augmenting the State's funds for improvement of cattle wealth.

In Orissa such tax, he said, would yield a revenue of about Rs. 4 lakhs.

Sardar Datar Singh also advocated the use of cows for ploughing as in Egypt and said what was required was that the cows should be given some more food. By this they could not only meet the present deficit of draught cattle, but also feed and maintain the cows better. This was being experimented in Government farms of Bangalore and Mysore and found to be having no adverse results on the cows. He also suggested that some of the cows of the Cuttack Dairy Farm might be put on plough as an experiment.

Sardar Datar Singh stressed the need for weeding the sickly and unuseful cattle and this, he said, would greatly help in improving the condition of the cattle in the country.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

IT IS difficult to read a paper these days without being told that we must, or must not, ban vanaspati, alias hydrogenated vegetable oil, alias vegetable ghee. And from all I can see of this great problem on which my opinion is so valuable, nobody knows or tells us what vanaspati really is. Vegetable oil tells me nothing, except that it is not mineral and not animal. Vegetable ghee tells me nothing, except that the ghee we are used to is not vegetable. But what is inside it is a mystery. I am told that it can be anything but is usually ground-nut oil specially treated to get the smell out and the freeze in. But from all that I can gather there is nothing which requires vanaspati to be made of ground-nut oil only. If memory serves me right, the first experiment called Vege-ghee was from cocoanut oil. I should know because it created considerable amusement in house when Uncle turned up with a little round tin, too big to be boot polish and too small to be cheese and triumphantly put it on the table. Opened, it smelt like ghee with a little tallow tang to it and Uncle referred to it as the latest effort of Mr. Kapilram Vakil. Some days later inquiry elicited the fact that a little ghee was necessary to give the flavour to the stuff and that was an end to experiments so far as we were concerned. In fact, the word Vege-ghee was the signal for so much fun and frolic in the house that Uncle banned the subject in despair.

To return, the vegetable oil industry covers a wide range—cotton seed oil, linseed oil, rapeseed oil, castor oil, easame ail, cocoanut oil, ground-nut oil, mowah oil, mustard oil—all these belong to the class of vegetable oil and may be adulterants or even unrefined bases to turn out hydrogenated oil. The cost of vanaspati is high enough to cover the use of one or all these oils, and leave a wide margin of profit. I think we might safely start from this point. There is not ghee enough to justify including it in the name. It is the ideal which the hydrogenated oil industry has in mind and knows it can never achieve. The superiority of ghee over edible hydrogenated vegetable oil is admitted from the outset. But there sems to be also a vague feeling of superiority over the raw unrefined oils from which it is built up—in the industry at any rate which charges nearly double the price of unrefined groundnut, for instance, for vanaspati developed out of groundnut, with commensurate profits. But it has not yet been explained to the public what exactly is added to the value of ground-nut oil to justify the doubling of the price. Nor has it been explained why it should be called anything other than ground-nut oil, if necessary odourless ground-nut oil. I am afraid this agitation, to ban or not to ban, has drawn public attention away from the main question which I have indicated above. And if it is settled, then there is no need for any banning. Only what is needed is to put "hydrogenated oil" in its place. Such a step would preserve investments and protect ghee. The solution seems so simple that I wonder it has not been thought of by anyone else.

NEWS BRIEFS

LAND REFORM: The Malabar Tenancy Act is being amended to enlarge the existing safeguards for cultivating tenants in Malabar, Gudalur (Nilgiris) and forty-six villages in Kasarcode, South Kanara. An official Bill porviding for these is expected to come before the Madras Assembly next month.

I.C.F.T.U. DELEGATION: The delegation of the International Confederation of Free Trade Unions which is at present in India on its tour to study about conditions in South-East Asian countries will reach Dibrugarh on July 11 by air from Calcutta on a short visit to Assam. The members of the Delegation will visit Digboi oil field. They are also expected to visit Shillong and Gauhati.

IRON AND STEEL: During June last, 1,481 tons of steel, 2,184 powrahs, 1,956 pickaxes, 504 crow bars, 31 bundles of barbed wire and 37,147 feet of piping, valued nearly at Rs. 8,19,000, were despatched to the various distributing agencies by the Agricultural Iron and Steel Spply Officer, Bombay, for distribution to the agriculturists of the Bombay State through the District Rural Development Boards.

PEONS: The Punjab Government will take disciplinary action against those officials who employ office peons for their private work, it was officially announced in Simla.

GRATITUDE: The Commander of the seven-ship Indian Naval Squadron which has just completed a visit to Singapore, Rear-Admiral G. Barnard, has expressed his deep gratitude to the Governor, Government and people of Singapore "for the very generous welcome and hospitality" extended to the Squadron during its two weeks' stay in Singapore.

U. S. ENVOY IN MADRAS: Mr. Waldo E. Bailey has assumed charge of the American Consulate General in Madras, replacing Robert B. Streeper, who has been appointed Consul-General in Berlin.

KISAN ARRESTS: Eighty-nine Kisans have so far been arrested by the police in the week-old Kisan agitation in Mirzapur district, according to a spokesman of the Socialist Party. The arrested include sixteen women and four children.

INTERNATIONAL POLICE ACTION, NOT WAR

Council President Clarifies U. S. Role In Korea

NEW YORK, July 10. (PTI-Reuter).

MR. RANE SUNDE, of Norway, this month's President of the United Nations Security Council, said in a broadcast statement yesterday that the United States had been asked to lead "an international police action", not a war in Korea.

What the Security Council had done, he said, was "to authorise the United States, the only power at present in the position to offer full scale assistance to the Korean Government, to take the military leadership in this campaign."

NO EXTENSION

Asked whether he thought the Korean conflict would lead to war, Mr. Sunde answered. "Without under-estimating the dangers involved in the situation, I have no specific reasons to believe that it will not be possible to keep the conflict within the territories of Korea."

He said he disagreed with the Soviet statement that the Security Council decisions were illegal because the views of the Soviet Government were not satisfied.

"As long as a good majority of the Security Council thinks that the representation in the Council is in accordance with the provisions of the Charter, this, in my opinion is decisive", he said.

Mr. Sunde's statement was included in a United Nations broadcast over the National Broadcasting Company.

Slim Leaves For Karachi

NEW DELHI, July 10 (PTI): Field Marshal Sir William Slim, Chief of the British Imperial General Staff, who was here on a two-day visit on his way back to Britain from Australia left for Karachi today.

DIXON TO LEAVE FOR NEW DELHI

Expected To Meet Pandit Nehru

SRINAGAR, July 10 (PTI): Sir Owen Dixon, Kashmir Mediator has planned to leave Srinagar for New Delhi, in a couple of days, it was learnt here today.

He is likely to be accompanied by his diplomatic and military advisers.

Sir Owen is exptcted to meet Pandit Nehru and then proceed to Karachi to confer with the Pakistan Prime Minister, Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan.

United Nations circles here believe that the Mediator's first move after conferring with Pandit Nehru and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan would be to convene a tripartite conference between himself and the Prime Ministers.

State Transport —A Public Utility Service

The Government of Bombay has declared the State Transport Services in the Belgaum and Nasik Divisions to be public utility services for purposes of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 for a period of 6 months, from July 4, 1950.

WHEAT RATION GOES OFF IN KARACHI

Food Ministry's Announcement

KARACHI, July 10, (PTI): Karachi derationed wheat from today though rationing of rice and sugar still continue.

The announcemet was made by the Food Minister of Pakistan two weeks back on a request from the provincial Government to stablise wheat prices in the province.

Though the floor price in the province is Rs. 6-4-0 per maund the price in Karachi was Rs. 11-4-0 per maund.

The price of wheat is expected to sage due to free flow through normal channels.

Karachi consumers 10,000 bags of wheat per day through 700 ration shop-keepers.

The derationing in Karachi is welcomed by producers who expect prices to rise in the province.

JAP INDUSTRY: Mr. H. M. Habibullah, President of the Pakistan National Federated Chambers of Commerce and industry said in an interview here that he was amazed at the progress, both industrial and democratic made in Japan.

POPE WANTS TO TALK "SHOP"

Interest In Sports

VATICAN CITY (PTI-Reuter).—Seventyfour-year-old Pope Pius XII has added a leading Italian sporting paper to the mass of newspapers delivered to him every morning.

This is inserted, it is understood, to enable him to follow sporting events in order to be able to talk "shop" with the large number of sportsmen h receives in audience.

In recent weeks he has granted special audiences to the Italian team for the world football tournament at Rio de Janeiro, to the Glascow Celtics, the Catholic Scottish team which came all the way to Rome for a match which turned out to be more a free fight than a game, to Hugo Koblet, 23-year old Swiss Protestant, first foreigner to win the 33-year old "Tour of Italy" cycle race, to 36-year-old Gino Bartali, Italy's cycle 36-year-old Gino Bartali, Italy's cycle veteran, and to several hundred midget motorcycle fans, who came to Rome on Pilgrimage from all over Italy.

Liaquat In Athens

ATHENS, July 10 (PTI-Reuter) Liaquat Ali Khan Pakistan Prime Minister arrived here last evening on his way from London back to Pakistan. He will continue his journey on Tuesday.

U. S. May Ask For 'Military Rights' In Japan

CONDITION FOR PEACE TREATY

NEW YORK, July 10, (PTI-Reuter): Japan will be asked to grant United States long term "military rights" as part of a peace settlement to be negotiated as soon as possible, "New York Times diplomatic correspondent reported from Washington today.

He said that despite the Korean operations, it is also understood that the United States Government feels it must proceed with the negotiation of some kind of Japanese peace arrangements, even if that is not necessarily a final peace treaty.

"Merely to maintain a few military and naval bases at specific points in Japan is not regarded in official quarters here as sufficient, since these bases would be vulnerable to atomic attack in the event war", the correspondent wrote.

"A defence force that had the agreement of the Japanese Government to move from place to place, however, would give the defence much greater latitude and, in the opinion of United States military experts, greater security," he added.

NAGARWALA TO GIVE EVIDENCE

Bibinagar Dacoity Case

SECUNDERABAD July 10, (UPI): The Bibinagar Dacoity Case, which came up this morning before the Special Tribunal presided over by Mr. J.A. Pinto was adjourned to July 14, when Mr. J. D. Nagarwala Deputy Commissioner of Police, C.I.D., Bombay would be examined as Defence Witness. Last year, this officer was here on special duty and for some time was in-charge of the investigations in this case. He was to have appeared before the Tribunal today, but on the receipt of a telegram from him the matter was postponed.

A PRE-FAB RECORD

STRASBOURG (PTI-Reuter): Some 250 workers are racing against time to complete the "House of Europe", prefabricated home of the Council of Europe in readiness for the Consultative Assembly's second session on August 7.

If they finish the job by July 15, latest possible date to allow for interior decoration, it will be the most rapidly erected building of its kind in Western Europe.

Commandant Georges Cunin, head of the Works and Supplies Department of the Council of Europe's Secretariat-General is optimistic that this unpretentious building will be ready in time for the Committee of Ministers (Upper House) whose fifth session is due to start on August 3.

But he admits that it was a gamble to undertake completion of the 37,000 cubic metres (48,394.150 cubic yards) building in little more than four months.

U.S. LOAN FOR SPAIN

MADRID, (PTI-Reuter).—Prospects of Spain getting some kind of limited aid in the form of credits or a loan from the United States are believed to have improved Reports reaching Madrid of the talks which Don Thomas Sunner, Under Secretary for foreign economy and commerce, is having in the United States, reflected a cordial attitude.

TAXATION ON CARS: The Gujerat Chamber of Commerce has recommended a "re-orientation" in the structure and policy of taxation on motor vehicles in order to improve the transport services throughout the country.

MUTT AND JEFF—Looks Like Mutt Pulled His Sit-Down Strike At The Wrong Time By BUD FISHER

I NEED TEN BUCKS, SO I WROTE JEFF A NOTE SAYING I WAS BEING HELD PRISONER HERE BY A GANG!
GOSH, AIN'T IT AWFUL, MRS. MUTT? I FOUND THE NOTE IN MY ROOM!
Jeff: A gang is holding me prisoner here at 56 Gilcan St. They won't release me until you bring them ten dollars. Your pal, Mutt.
MUTT! I GOT HERE AS QUICK AS I COULD! WHERE'S THE GANG?
NEVER MIND THE GANG! WHERE'S THE TEN BUCKS?
BUT I GOTTA SEE THE GANG, MUTT! I SHOWED YOUR WIFE THE LETTER AND-
MY WIFE? WHAT DID SHE SAY?
SHE SAID I SHOULD GIVE THEM THIS TWENTY BUCKS TO KEEP YA HERE!
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